## DECISION



## THE COMPTE LER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20548

12017A

FILE:

B-183160

DATE: NOV 17 1975

97724

MATTER OF:

Stephen J. Petro - Attorney's Fees on Purchase of Residence

DIGEST:

Employee was required to pay the bank's legal fees in connection with purchase of residence at new official station. He is entitled to reimbursement of attorney's fees for the customary services necessary to complete the purchase under FTR para. 2-6.2c (May 1973). Employee also retained his own attorney because of complications with abstract of title. The portion of that fee paid to his attorney because of the title problem is reimbursable since independent legal services were necessary to assure clear title. The balance of the fee for survey and attending the closing are duplicative and may not be reimbursed.

This action is before us on a request from an authorized certifying officer of the Department of the Treasury. United States Secret Service, as to the propriety of certifying for payment the reclaim voucher of Mr. Stephen J. Petro for expenses incurred in connection with the transfer of his official duty station from Washington, D.C., to Buffalo, New York, on July 7, 1974.

The record shows that part of the expenses incurred by Mr. Petro in connection with the purchase of a residence at his new official duty station included legal fees charged by Diebold and Millonzi, attorneys for the mortgagee bank, which in New York are customarily paid by the purchaser. He also paid the legal fees charged by Flieri and Flieri, attorneys at law, whom he retained for the protection of his own interests.

Except for a \$50 charge for preparation of mortgage legal documents which was allowed, the certifying officer disallowed the claim for legal fees on the ground that they were both advisory in nature and duplicative. Mr. Petro reclaimed \$335 for the balance of the fee charged by Diebold and Millonzi, and \$300 for the fee charged by Flierl and Flierl. The certifying officer has requested our decision as to the amount of allowable attorney's fees.

The pertinent regulation applicable in this case is Federal Travel Regulations (FPMR 101-7) para. 2-6.2c (May 1973), which provides as follows:

"c. Legal and related expenses. To the extent such costs have not been included in brokers or suction services for which reinburoment is claimed under other categories, the following expenses are enlabursable with respect to the sale and ourchase of residences if they are tuplimerily said by the soller of a restignie at the old official station or if customarkly paid by the purchaper of a residence at the new official station, to the extent they do not embed assumes customarily charged in the locality of the residences costs of (1) secretias title, preparing abstract, and legal foca for a title opinion or (2) where customarily furnished by the soller, the cost of a title insurance policy; costs of preparing conveyantes, other instruments, and contracts and related notary fees and recording foos; costs of making surveys, precessing drawings or plots made required for legal or financian purposee; and similar expenses. Inche of litination are not reinbursoble."

The stetement of September 3, 1974, from Diebold and Millowsi, attorneys for the back navised by. Petro that the attorney's for of \$120 represented I percent of the unwiges, and it showed steeled charges which powered examination of the abstract of title, examination of the angrey, propagation of mortroge documents, excellention of the dock and tex receipts, repervision of the execution of the accessive legal documents at all slowly legal docknowns at all allowing and correspond to the back often the transmitted was analysised.

The fees charged by the bank's attorneys are charges for the exceined time of time and necessary legal services inected to the financing of the purchase so well no fees for conducting the closing since there is no Indication in the record of ear other charge for conducting the closing. Therefore, all of the items listed by the bank's etterneys may be detained for payment, if otherwise proper.

The statement from Er. Perro's attribuys, Fliert and Fliert, although not standed as to accounts for each service, indicates that their ise of \$200 primarily covered services arising from constitution with the abstract of table. The latte problem was caused by the fact that the property had been conveyed in 1888 to a trust then purposes and bounds clarics were unidentified. The statement shows that the attenues had to

examine the title records and to negotists so agreement with counsel for the soller that the seller would provide title insurance for the purchaser in order to assure a good and marketable title. It further shows that the attorneys obtained a corrected survey and attended the closing on behalf of the purchaser.

The attorney who handled the transaction for the bank has informally advised us that it was the bank's policy to require the seller and the purchaser to clear any title problems on their own before the bank would agree to lead money. We understand from this that the bank would not have made the long if Mr. Petro had not taken care of the title complications and arranged the egreement with the seller. Under those circustances we believe that the portion of the Flierl and Flierl fee which represents carvices in connection with the complications in the title is reimbursable. Since there were title problems, the employee was justified in obtaining independent legal services as accessary to assure a good and marketable title to the property. It appears that his atternary were successful in this regard.

However, the partion of his attorneys' charges for the survey and attending the closing are duplicative of the services rendered by the bank's attorney and may not be reindursed. See 8-174964, Deptember 21, 1972.

Upon submission of an itemized statement from the employee's attorneys, the certifying officer may, if otherwise proper, allow for payment the amount charged for the services involved in clearing the title. The belonce of the fee should be disallowed.

The reclaim voucher is returned herewith for processing in accordance with the above.

R.F. KELLER

Deputy Comptreller General
of the Vaited States