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December 3, 1924

The Honorable

The Secretary of the Interior.

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ting certain correspondence and requesting decision or a matter therein submitted, to wit, whether The Alaska Railroad is authorized to enter into an arrangement for the construction of a railroad spur of a little over two miles in length, the said spur to connect with the main line of the road and the coal mine of the Howarde Jessom Company, the doubt which exists as to the authority for the construction being by reason of the content plated plan of payment of the construction costs, etc.

In your submission you quote from a latter educated to you under date of Argust 18 1924, by a Mr. Noel W. Smith, as fellows:

ernment cannot be accused of discriminating in Taver of any one particular coal property, and at the same time not be accused of extravagant investment of money in branch construction to Wild-cat propositions, that

we construct an extension to the Moose Creek Branch on the refund basis commonly employed under similar circumstances on the eastern railroads. Under this arrangement the Howard-Jesson people would pay for the entire construction of the extension of the branch and the railroad would own and maintain it. The Alaska Railroad would pay to the Howard-Jesson people a certain sum, which I would suggest as \$5.00, per car for every loaded car shipped out over this branch until the original sum expended in the construction of the branch had been paid back, to the Howard-Jesson Company.

"If you approve of this arrangement it will, I he lieve, give The Alaska Ratificad a consistent policy to follow in fiture reducets for extensions and avoid expenditure of Covernment money on projects that might prove to be unprofitable. It will also allow of the starting and permit the completion of the extension to the Moose Creek Branch at an earlier date than if we wait for the authority of Congress to make this extension and will not interfere with the payment for the construction, if you so desire, if and when the appropriation has been passed by Congress."

to the Solicitor of the Department of the Interior for an opinion as to the authority for the plan of purchase contemplated. The Solicitor's opinion, copy of which was forwarded for consideration in connection with your submission, held that the plan was not authorized, on the assumption that the repates were contemplated being made from transportation earnings. It further appears that Roel W. Smith was so advised and pursuant to such advice has wired that it is important that

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mine in operation; that there is a sufficient balance under the appropriation for "Construction and Operation of Railroads in Alaska," available for making the relate bate allowances; and he recommended that the relate plan of construction be authorized.

The question for decision, therefore, is whether there is authority or law to construct the spur under an arrangement whereby the Howard Jesson Company will pay the entire construction costs the said spur immediately to become the property of, and be mainted and operated by the United States, reimbursement for such construction costs to be made to the Howard. Jesson Company by the Alaska Railroad on the basis hereinbefore outlined, the appropriation for construction and operation to be used in making the refunds.

The act of March 12, 1914, 38 Stat. 305, entitled "An Act To authorize the President of the United States to locate, construct, and operate railroads in the Territory of Alaska, and for other purposes," empowered authorized and directed the President, among other things "to construct and build a railroad or railroads along such route or routes as he may designate and locate, with the necessary branch lines, feeders, sidings,

switches, and spurs," the total cost of the work thus authorized not to exceed \$35,000,000.

The act of October 18, 1919, 41 Stat. 293, provided for completion of the road between Seward and Fair banks and necessary sidings, spurs, etc., on or before December 31, 1922, and that "the additional sum of \$17,000,000 is hereby authorized to be appropriated, to be immediately end continuously available until expended."

The total sum thus authorized to be appropriated was \$52,000,000, and the amount appropriated was \$52,000,000 as follows:

Date of act	Reference	Amount
March 12, 1914 March 3, 1915 February 28, 1916 July 1, 1916 March 4, 1917 July 12, 1917 October 6, 1917 July 1, 1918 July 11, 1919 July 12, 1919 Mov. 4, 1919 June 5, 1920 March 4, 1921	38 Stat. 307 38 Stat. 361 39 Stat. 23 39 Stat. 306 39 Stat. 1202 40 Stat. 150 40 Stat. 372-373 40 Stat. 676 41 Stat. 51 41 Stat. 202 41 Stat. 335 41 Stat. 916 41 Stat. 1405 Fotal	\$1,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 6,247,620 3,000,000 7,500,000 4,000,000 1,964,351 2,058,029 6,000,000 7,000,000 \$52,000,000

Each of the appropriations cited, supra, was work corrying out the provisions of this Act of March 12, 1914. 38 Stat. 505, each being made "to continue available

until expended," and all being carried under the appropriation title "Construction and Operation of Railroads" in Alaska."

The act of Movember 18, 1921, 42 Stat. 221, provided in order "to complete the construction and equipatent of the railroad between Seward and Lairbanks, to gether with necessary sidings, spurs, and lateral branches," that "there is hereby authorized to be appropriated." Therefore the sum of \$4,000,000, to be immediately and continuously available until expended."

In the act of May 24, 1922, 42 Stat. 594, the sum of \$3,110,210 was appropriated pursuant to the authorization fact quoted; however, said amount was not made available until expanded and was, therefore, digested with fiscal year limitation under the title "Construction and Equipment of Railroads in Alaska, 1922 and 1923."

In the act of January 24, 1925, 42 Stat. 1217, the sun of \$889,140 was appropriated pursuant to the authorization of \$4,000,000, and said amount, not being made available until expended, was likewise digested with fiscal year limitation, being carried under the title

"Construction and Equipment of Railroad in Alaska, 1923 and 1924."

The construction of the spur is for administrative consideration only as for work to be done under a covernment appropriation. If the administrative authoristics are not prepared to enter upon such construction, there is no authority from the standpoint of obligating of appropriations to agree that owners small construction and according to results reimbursement be made to those who constructed. The obligating of appropriations can not be so authorized, but must be definite and certain, and the decision is accordingly.

Respectfully,

Comptroller General