November 6, 2009

The Honorable Max Baucus
Chairman
The Honorable Charles E. Grassley
Ranking Minority Member
Committee on Finance
United States Senate

The Honorable Charles B. Rangel
Chairman
The Honorable Dave Camp
Ranking Minority Member
Committee on Ways and Means
House of Representatives

Subject: Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Medicare and
Medicaid Services: Medicare Program; Inpatient Hospital Deductible and
Hospital and Extended Care Services Coinsurance Amounts for Calendar
Year 2010

Pursuant to section 801(a)(2)(A) of title 5, United States Code, this is our report on a
major rule promulgated by the Department of Health and Human Services, Centers
for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), entitled “Medicare Program; Inpatient
Hospital Deductible and Hospital and Extended Care Services Coinsurance Amounts
for Calendar Year 2010” (RIN: 0938-AP42). We received the rule on October 19, 2009.
It was published in the Federal Register as a notice on October 22, 2009. 74 Fed.
Reg. 54,579.

The notice announces the inpatient hospital deductible and the hospital and
extended care services coinsurance amounts for services furnished in calendar year
(CY) 2010 under Medicare’s Hospital Insurance Program (Medicare Part A). For CY
2010, the inpatient hospital deductible will be $1,100. The daily coinsurance
amounts for CY 2010 will be: (a) $275 for the 61st through 90th day of hospitalization
in a benefit period; (b) $550 for lifetime reserve days; and (c) $137.50 for the 21st
through 100th day of extended care services in a skilled nursing facility in a benefit
period.
Enclosed is our assessment of the CMS's compliance with the procedural steps required by section 801(a)(1)(B)(i) through (iv) of title 5 with respect to the rule. Our review of the procedural steps taken indicates that CMS complied with the applicable requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or wish to contact GAO officials responsible for the evaluation work relating to the subject matter of the rule, please contact Shirley A. Jones, Assistant General Counsel, at (202) 512-8156.

signed

Robert J. Cramer
Managing Associate General Counsel

Enclosure

cc: Vivian Stallion
	Office Manager, Department of
	Health and Human Services
(i) Cost-benefit analysis

CMS determined that the total increase in costs to beneficiaries will be about $730 million, due to the increase in the deductible and coinsurance amounts and the change in the number of deductibles and daily coinsurance amounts paid.

(ii) Agency actions relevant to the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. §§ 603-605, 607, and 609

CMS determined that the notice will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities, and therefore CMS did not prepare an analysis under the Regulatory Flexibility Act. Additionally, CMS determined that the notice will not have a significant impact on the operations of a substantial number of small rural hospitals. Therefore, CMS did not prepare an analysis under section 1102(b) of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

(iii) Agency actions relevant to sections 202-205 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995, 2 U.S.C. §§ 1532-1535

CMS determined that the notice will not have a substantial effect on state or local governments. However, states may be required to pay the deductibles and coinsurance for dually-eligible beneficiaries.

(iv) Other relevant information or requirements under acts and executive orders

Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. §§ 551 et seq.

In accordance with CMS's past practice regarding publication of deductible and coinsurance amounts under Medicare where such amounts are determined according to statute, a general notice is used rather than notice and comment rulemaking procedures contained in section 553 of the Administrative Procedure Act. In addition, CMS noted good cause to waive the publication of a proposed
notice and solicitation of public comments because delaying publication of rates would be contrary to the public interest.

Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. §§ 3501-3520

The notice does not impose information collection and recordkeeping requirements. Therefore, it need not be reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget under the Paperwork Reduction Act.

Statutory authorization for the rule

The notice was issued under the authority contained in section 1813(b)(2) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395e-2(b)(2)).

Executive Order No. 12,866 (Regulatory Planning and Review)

CMS determined that the notice is an economically significant rule under the Order because the total increase in costs to beneficiaries associated with the notice will be about $730 million. The notice was reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget.

Executive Order No. 13,132 (Federalism)

CMS determined that the notice does not have federalism implications.