



SUICIDE PREVENTION Capacity and Federal Assessment of the 988 Lifeline

Report to Congressional Committees

July 2026

GAO-26-108114

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GAO Highlights

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GAO-26-108114
July 2026
A report to congressional committees
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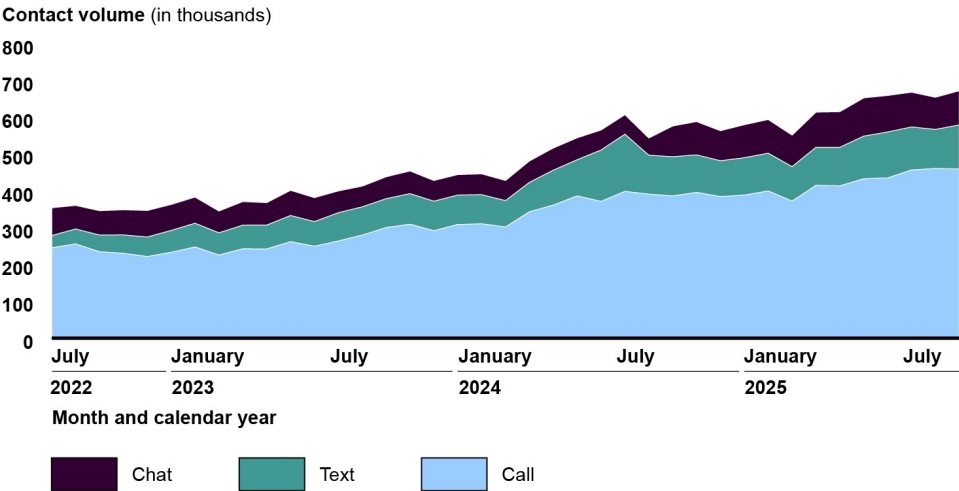
What GAO Found

The 988 Suicide & Crisis Lifeline (988 Lifeline) is a network of independent crisis contact centers that answer calls, texts, and chats from people in suicidal crisis or emotional distress.

The U.S. Health and Human Services’ (HHS) Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) set up the 988 Lifeline to connect individuals with local crisis contact centers in states and minimize the time they wait, according to officials. As of March 2026, calls are generally routed to local crisis contact centers based on callers’ approximate location. In contrast, texts and chats are routed based on individuals’ area codes or zip codes. SAMHSA plans to begin routing texts based on approximate location by April 2027, in accordance with a Federal Communications Commission rule.

SAMHSA primarily measures the 988 Lifeline’s capacity through contact volume, answer rates (i.e., the percentage of contacts that are responded to), and the average time to answer. About 19.1 million calls, texts, and chats were routed to crisis contact centers from July 2022 through September 2025. During that time, call volume increased by about 87 percent, text volume by about 260 percent, and chat volume by about 23 percent (see figure). Call answer rates increased; text and chat answer rates fluctuated over time, as did average time to answer.

988 Lifeline Contact Volume By Method, July 2022 through September 2025



Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Accessible Data for 988 Lifeline Contact Volume By Method, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
July 2022	245905	33279	75441
July 2022	256398	40627	64115
July 2022	235238	45377	66141
July 2022	230928	49992	68425
July 2022	222283	52952	72168
July 2022	233648	59484	70616
January 2023	248339	64379	71058
January 2023	226314	60365	59225
January 2023	243219	64259	64146
January 2023	242740	64859	61082
January 2023	262617	71067	68537
January 2023	250287	66861	65180
July 2023	264504	76886	59144
July 2023	280357	76885	56260
July 2023	300979	78512	59414
July 2023	310044	83153	61640
July 2023	292441	80218	56194
July 2023	309275	80026	55663
January 2024	311249	79137	56615
January 2024	302538	71664	54746
January 2024	343875	79931	58111
January 2024	361912	94964	60307
January 2024	386978	98393	59568
January 2024	372106	139658	54352
July 2024	399393	155457	52994
July 2024	391819	105820	46749
July 2024	387015	106630	83473
July 2024	396618	101938	90549
July 2024	385295	97329	81586
July 2024	389265	101595	89752
January 2025	400463	102686	91493
January 2025	372851	93728	85747
January 2025	415813	103360	95633
January 2025	414310	104879	96845
January 2025	433746	115832	103968
January 2025	435953	124818	99299
July 2025	457563	116938	94430
July 2025	461611	106148	87412
July 2025	460264	119747	92936

SAMHSA incorporated selected key performance management practices in assessing the 988 Lifeline's routing and capacity. Specifically, SAMHSA set long- and near-term goals for the 988 Lifeline, collected information related to those goals, and used that information to assess progress and communicate information about performance. For example, to promote answer rate improvement, SAMHSA set a goal for local crisis contact centers, by September 2026, to answer more than 90 percent of the texts and chats they receive. SAMHSA also reviewed performance data and published them on its website.

Why GAO Did This Study

Suicide is one of the leading causes of death in the United States, resulting in over 49,000 deaths in 2023 (the latest data available from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention as of June 2026)—or about one death every 11 minutes. Overall, suicide rates increased about 31 percent from 2003 through 2023.

SAMHSA provides federal funding for and oversees the 988 Lifeline. Local crisis contact centers within states may also receive funding through state appropriations, state-enacted 988 telecommunications fees, or other sources. In consultation with SAMHSA, a nonprofit network administrator is responsible for administering the 988 Lifeline.

Congress included a provision in the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023, for GAO to review the 988 Lifeline. This report, among other things, (1) describes how calls, texts, and chats are routed to the 988 Lifeline; (2) describes how SAMHSA measures capacity of the 988 Lifeline and what those measures showed; and (3) examines how SAMHSA assesses routing and capacity of the 988 Lifeline.

GAO analyzed 988 Lifeline performance data reported by SAMHSA for the period beginning July 2022, the month the 988 Lifeline number went into effect, through September 2025. GAO also reviewed documentation from and interviewed officials from SAMHSA, the Federal Communications Commission, and a nongeneralizable sample of nine states and two territories. States and territories were selected to obtain variation in geographic location, percentage of the total population living in rural areas, and other factors. Additionally, GAO examined SAMHSA's efforts related to assessing routing and capacity of the 988 Lifeline against selected key performance management practices.

Contents

GAO Highlights	ii
What GAO Found	ii
Why GAO Did This Study	iv
Letter	1
Background	3
988 Lifeline Routing Depends on Contact Method and Type of Service Sought	6
Overall Volume Increased from July 2022 through September 2025 While Answer Rate and Average Time to Answer Varied by Contact Method	12
SAMHSA Incorporated Selected Key Practices in Assessing the 988 Lifeline's Routing and Capacity	30
Selected States Reported Staffing and Other Challenges; States, the Network Administrator, and SAMHSA Took Actions to Support Capacity	32
Agency Comments	36
Appendix I 988 Lifeline Data Methodology	37
Appendix II Contact Volume, Answer Rates, and Average Time to Answer for the 988 Lifeline's Videophone Service	39
Appendix III Additional Information on Capacity Measures by 988 Lifeline Service Type	46
Appendix IV GAO Contact and Staff Acknowledgments	69
Tables	
Table 1: Selected SAMHSA Cooperative Agreements (Dollars in Millions) for the 988 Lifeline, Fiscal Years (FY) 2021 through 2025	6
Table 2: Measures SAMHSA and the Network Administrator Use to Assess Capacity of the 988 Lifeline	12
Figures	
988 Lifeline Contact Volume By Method, July 2022 through September 2025	ii
Accessible Data for 988 Lifeline Contact Volume By Method, July 2022 through September 2025	iii
Figure 1: History of the 988 Lifeline	4
Accessible Data for Figure 1: History of the 988 Lifeline	4
Figure 2: Routing Processes for Calls to the 988 Lifeline, as of March 2026	7
Accessible Data for Figure 2: Routing Processes for Calls to the 988 Lifeline, as of March 2026	8
Figure 3: Routing Processes for Texts and Chats to the 988 Lifeline, as of March 2026	9
Accessible Data for Figure 3: Routing Processes for Texts and Chats to the 988 Lifeline, as of March 2026	10

Figure 4: Information Used to Route Contacts to Local Crisis Contact Centers, as of March 2026	11
Accessible Data for Figure 4: Information Used to Route Contacts to Local Crisis Contact Centers, as of March 2026	11
Figure 5: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025	14
Accessible Data for Figure 5: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025	15
Figure 6: Number of Calls Answered and Abandoned for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025	17
Accessible Data for Figure 6: Number of Calls Answered and Abandoned for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025	18
Figure 7: Number of Texts Answered and Abandoned for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025	20
Accessible Data for Figure 7: Number of Texts Answered and Abandoned for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025	21
Figure 8: Number of Chats Answered and Abandoned for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025	23
Accessible Data for Figure 8: Number of Chats Answered and Abandoned for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025	24
Figure 9: Answer Rate by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025	26
Accessible Data for Figure 9: Answer Rate by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025	27
Figure 10: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025	28
Accessible Data for Figure 10: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025	29
Figure 11: Videophone Call Volume for the 988 Lifeline, July 2022 through September 2025	39
Accessible Data for Figure 11: Videophone Call Volume for the 988 Lifeline, July 2022 through September 2025	40
Figure 12: Answer Rates for the 988 Lifeline's Videophone Service, July 2022 through September 2025	41
Accessible Data for Figure 12: Answer Rates for the 988 Lifeline's Videophone Service, July 2022 through September 2025	42
Figure 13: Average Time to Answer for the 988 Lifeline's Videophone Service, July 2022 through September 2025	43
Accessible Data for Figure 13: Average Time to Answer for the 988 Lifeline's Videophone Service, July 2022 through September 2025	44
Figure 14: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline's LGBTQ+ Youth and Young Adult Service, July 2022 through September 2025	48

Accessible Data for Figure 14: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline's LGBTQ+ Youth and Young Adult Service, July 2022 through September 2025	49
Figure 15: Answer Rates by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline's LGBTQ+ Youth and Young Adult Service, July 2022 through September 2025	50
Accessible Data for Figure 15: Answer Rates by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline's LGBTQ+ Youth and Young Adult Service, July 2022 through September 2025	51
Figure 16: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline LGBTQ+ Youth and Young Adult Service, July 2022 through September 2025	52
Accessible Data for Figure 16: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline LGBTQ+ Youth and Young Adult Service, July 2022 through September 2025	53
Figure 17: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Spanish Language Service, July 2022 through September 2025	55
Accessible Data for Figure 17: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Spanish Language Service, July 2022 through September 2025	55
Figure 18: Answer Rates by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Spanish Language Service, July 2022 through September 2025	57
Accessible Data for Figure 18: Answer Rates by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Spanish Language Service, July 2022 through September 2025	58
Figure 19: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Spanish Language Service, July 2022 through September 2025	59
Accessible Data for Figure 19: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Spanish Language Service, July 2022 through September 2025	60
Figure 20: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline National Backup Service, July 2022 through September 2025	62
Accessible Data for Figure 20: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline National Backup Service, July 2022 through September 2025	63
Figure 21: Answer Rates by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline National Backup Service, July 2022 through September 2025	64
Accessible Data for Figure 21: Answer Rates by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline National Backup Service, July 2022 through September 2025	65
Figure 22: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline National Backup Service, July 2022 through September 2025	66
Accessible Data for Figure 22: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline National Backup Service, July 2022 through September 2025	67

Abbreviations

988 Lifeline	988 Suicide & Crisis Lifeline
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
LGBTQ+	lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning
SAMHSA	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

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July 1, 2026

The Honorable Bill Cassidy, M.D.
Chair
The Honorable Bernard Sanders
Ranking Member
Committee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions
United States Senate

The Honorable Brett Guthrie
Chairman
The Honorable Frank Pallone, Jr.
Ranking Member
Committee on Energy and Commerce
House of Representatives

Suicide is one of the leading causes of death in the United States, resulting in over 49,000 deaths in 2023—or about one death every 11 minutes.¹ In 2024, an estimated 14.3 million adults aged 18 or older and 2.6 million adolescents aged 12 to 17 had serious thoughts of suicide in the past year.² Of those, an estimated 4.6 million adults and 1.1 million adolescents reported making plans for or attempting suicide. Overall, suicide rates increased about 31 percent from 2003 through 2023.³

The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), an agency within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, oversees the 988 Suicide & Crisis Lifeline (988 Lifeline).⁴ Previously known as the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline, the 988 Lifeline launched in 2022. It is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week and provides free and confidential emotional support to people experiencing suicidal crisis, substance misuse, or emotional distress. The 988 Lifeline comprises a network of over 200 independent crisis contact centers across the United States and its territories. These centers are staffed with

¹See U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, *Facts About Suicide*, <https://www.cdc.gov/suicide/facts/index.html>, accessed June 5, 2026. These data were the most current available at the time of our review.

²See U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, *Key Substance Use and Mental Health Indicators in the United States: Results from the 2024 National Survey on Drug Use and Health* (HHS Publication No. PEP25-07-007, NSDUH Series H-60) (2025).

³See U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, *Suicide Data and Statistics*, <https://www.cdc.gov/suicide/facts/data.html>, accessed April 22, 2026. These data were the most current available at the time of our review.

⁴On March 27, 2025, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services announced that it would restructure the department, including by consolidating SAMHSA into a new Administration for a Healthy America. See Department of Health and Human Services, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Public Affairs, *HHS Announces Transformation to Make America Healthy Again* (Mar. 27, 2025). In May 2025, several states filed a lawsuit alleging that the March 27 announcement left the department incapable of performing statutory functions; litigation is ongoing. See *New York v. Kennedy*, No. 25-cv-00196 (D.R.I. May 5, 2025). As of March 2026, the transition to a new structure had not occurred and accordingly, we refer to the agency as SAMHSA throughout this report.

crisis counselors who answer calls, texts, or chats from people experiencing a behavioral health crisis and can connect them to additional crisis response services.⁵ In consultation with SAMHSA, a network administrator (a nonprofit organization) is responsible for administering the lifeline, including its clinical, technical, and operational performance.⁶

The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023, includes a provision for us to review the 988 Lifeline.⁷ In this report, we

1. describe how calls, texts, and chats are routed to the 988 Lifeline;
2. describe how SAMHSA measures capacity of the 988 Lifeline and what those measures showed;
3. examine how SAMHSA assesses routing and capacity of the 988 Lifeline; and
4. describe challenges selected states and the network administrator faced related to the 988 Lifeline and what actions they and SAMHSA took to support capacity.

To obtain information for all four objectives, we reviewed documentation related to 988 Lifeline routing functionality and capacity and interviewed SAMHSA officials and network administrator representatives. We additionally interviewed officials from a nongeneralizable sample of nine states and two territories—which we refer to as 11 selected states—on topics related to routing, capacity, challenges encountered, and interactions with SAMHSA and the network administrator.⁸ We selected states to obtain variation in (1) location based on Census Bureau geographic regions; (2) percentage of the total population living in rural areas; and (3) monthly average 988 Lifeline answer rates and contact volume from January 2025 through March 2025.⁹ We interviewed state officials from June 2025 through August 2025.

For the first objective, we additionally reviewed SAMHSA documentation on 988 Lifeline routing processes. We also interviewed officials from the Federal Communications Commission (FCC)—which has adopted rules requiring wireless providers to transmit certain data with calls and texts to the 988 Lifeline—and reviewed supporting documentation, such as regulations.

For the second objective, we additionally analyzed 988 Lifeline performance data for July 2022 through September 2025 reported by SAMHSA, including contact volume, answer rates, and average time to answer. To assess the reliability of the data, we reviewed related documentation, interviewed SAMHSA officials and network administrator representatives, conducted checks for missing or erroneous data, and compared the

⁵Service is also available via videophone for individuals who are deaf and hard of hearing who choose to contact the 988 Lifeline with a videophone number.

⁶As of April 2026, Vibrant Emotional Health served as the network administrator for the 988 Lifeline.

⁷Pub. L. No. 117-328, § 1103(d), 136 Stat. 4459, 5637-5640 (2022).

⁸We interviewed officials from California, Connecticut, Delaware, Guam, Idaho, Indiana, Louisiana, Minnesota, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, and Tennessee. We also use the term “states” to refer to states, the District of Columbia, and five U.S. territories when describing 988 Lifeline capacity data.

⁹We also considered other characteristics to ensure we met with officials from states that had varied experiences with the 988 Lifeline, including whether the state had a 988 telecommunications fee that supported their 988 Lifeline crisis contact centers and whether the state had its own platform for routing calls.

data against published data from SAMHSA and the network administrators' websites.¹⁰ See appendix I for additional information about the 988 Lifeline data we used. Based on these activities, we determined that the data were sufficiently reliable for the purposes of describing SAMHSA's capacity measures for the 988 Lifeline.

For the third objective, we additionally reviewed SAMHSA documentation related to its performance management practices as of September 2025, such as notices of funding opportunity that included goals related to states' local capacity to answer 988 Lifeline calls, texts, and chats. We further examined SAMHSA's efforts related to assessing routing and capacity of the 988 Lifeline against selected GAO performance management practices.¹¹

We conducted this performance audit from February 2025 to April 2026 in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives.

Background

History of the 988 Lifeline

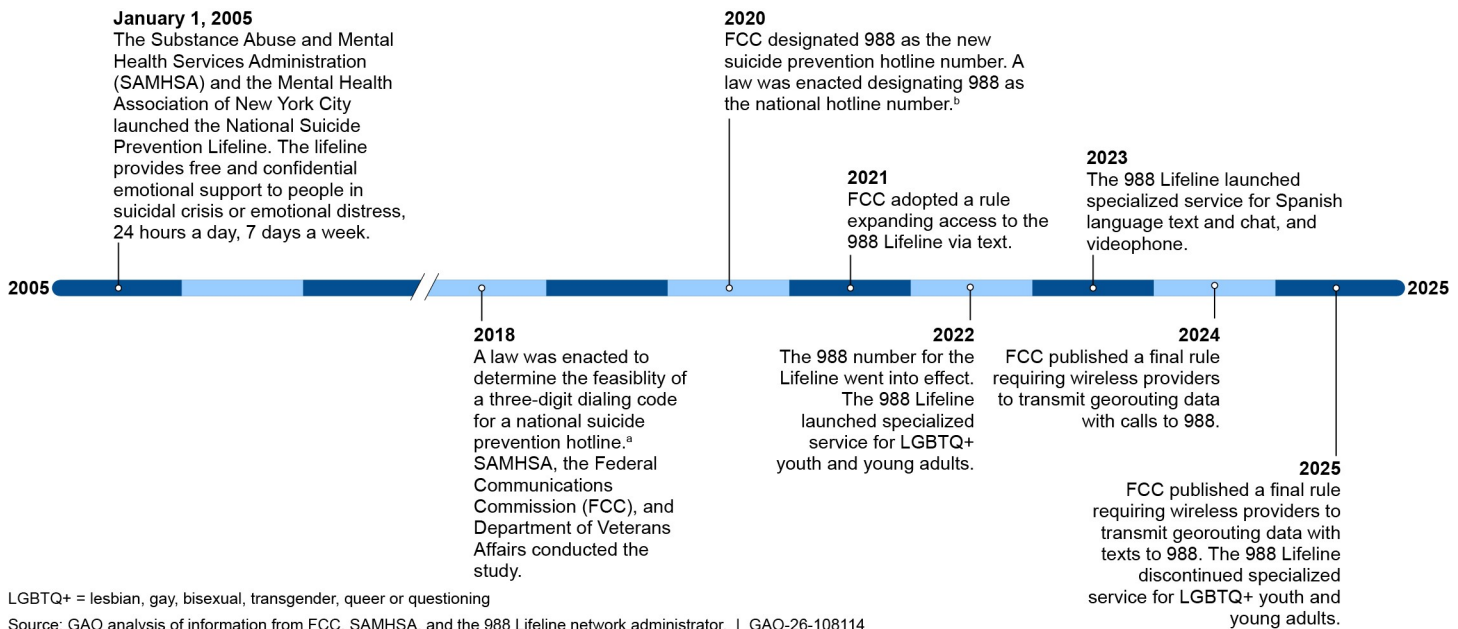
Since July 2022, individuals in suicidal crisis or emotional distress can reach the 988 Suicide & Crisis Lifeline by calling or texting 988, or by initiating a chat on the 988 Lifeline's website.¹² The 988 Lifeline has added additional services over time, such as Spanish language text and chat support, videophone support for the deaf and hard of hearing, and specialized service for lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning (LGBTQ+) youth and young adults.¹³ See figure 1 for more information on the 988 Lifeline's history.

¹⁰See U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *988 Lifeline Performance Metrics*, <https://www.samhsa.gov/mental-health/988/performance-metrics>, accessed April 21, 2026; and U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration and Vibrant Emotional Health, *State-Based Monthly Reports*, <https://988lifeline.org/professionals/our-network/state-based-monthly-reports>, accessed April 21, 2026.

¹¹Specifically, we used key practices outlined in GAO, *Evidence-Based Policymaking: Practices to Help Manage and Assess the Results of Federal Efforts*, [GAO-23-105460](#) (Washington, D.C.: July 12, 2023) that we deemed relevant for this review. Among other things, those practices explain that an agency should (1) define long-term goals and measurable near-term goals for its activities; (2) collect information related to its near-term goals; and (3) use the information it collects. We refer to these as performance management practices because they can help federal agencies to manage program performance.

¹²Suicidal crisis is a situation in which an individual communicates about or attempts suicide.

¹³In addition to providing service in Spanish, the 988 Lifeline had interpretation support available in more than 240 languages as of March 2026. Specialized service for LGBTQ+ youth and young adults was discontinued on July 17, 2025. According to a statement from SAMHSA, funding for the service was fully expended as of June 2025. In reports referenced by the Explanatory Statement accompanying the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2026, funding was restored and SAMHSA was directed to use the funding to provide specialized services for LGBTQ+ youth. As of March 2026, SAMHSA officials said they were actively working through the requirements of the appropriation. See Explanatory Statement accompanying Pub. L. No. 119-75, 140 Stat. 173 (2026), referencing S. Rpt. 119-55 at 175 (July 31, 2025) and S. Rpt. 118-84 at 140 (July 27, 2023).

Figure 1: History of the 988 Lifeline**Accessible Data for Figure 1: History of the 988 Lifeline**

- January 1, 2005: The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) and the Mental Health Association of New York City launched the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline. The lifeline provides free and confidential emotional support to people in suicidal crisis or emotional distress, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- 2018: A law was enacted to determine the feasibility of a three-digit dialing code for a national suicide prevention hotline.^a SAMHSA, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC), and Department of Veterans Affairs conducted the study.
- 2020: FCC designated 988 as the new suicide prevention hotline number. A law was enacted designating 988 as the national hotline number.^b
- 2021: FCC adopted a rule expanding access to the 988 Lifeline via text.
- 2022: The 988 number for the Lifeline went into effect. The 988 Lifeline launched specialized service for LGBTQ+ youth and young adults.
- 2023: The 988 Lifeline launched specialized service for Spanish language text and chat, and videophone.
- 2024: FCC published a final rule requiring wireless providers to transmit georouting data with calls to 988.
- 2025: FCC published a final rule requiring wireless providers to transmit georouting data with texts to 988. The 988 Lifeline discontinued specialized service for LGBTQ+ youth and young adults.

Source: GAO analysis of information from FCC, SAMHSA, and the 988 Lifeline network administrator. | GAO-26-108114

Notes: Information about a caller's approximate geographic location is also referred to as georouting data.

^aNational Suicide Hotline Prevention Act of 2018, Pub. L. No. 115-233, § 3, 132 Stat. 2424.

^bNational Suicide Hotline Designation Act of 2020, Pub. L. No. 116-172, § 3, 134 Stat. 832.

Structure of the 988 Lifeline Network

The 988 Lifeline comprises a network of more than 200 independent crisis contact centers across the U.S. and its territories, which offer free and accessible virtual support through call, text, or chat. Crisis contact center staff may also refer someone seeking help to additional services (such as from local community mental health professionals or clinics) for further assessment and treatment or may call for emergency services if needed.

SAMHSA is the lead federal agency that oversees implementation of the 988 Lifeline through a number of 988 grants, including a cooperative agreement with a network administrator.¹⁴ The network administrator manages implementation of the 988 Lifeline network in consultation with SAMHSA, including its clinical, technical, and operational performance and infrastructure.

Local crisis contact centers provide suicide prevention and crisis intervention services and may be operated by states, local governments, or private entities. National backup crisis contact centers similarly provide suicide prevention and crisis intervention services; they are operated by entities contracted with the network administrator. Other national crisis contact centers provide specialized services, such as voice, text, or chat service in Spanish. These centers are operated by entities contracted with the network administrator.

Funding for the 988 Lifeline

Crisis contact centers for the 988 Lifeline may receive funding from a variety of sources, such as federal funding from cooperative agreements with SAMHSA, state appropriations, state 988 telecommunications fees, or other sources.

From fiscal years 2021 through 2025, SAMHSA awarded funding through three cooperative agreements to support the ability to answer calls, texts, or chats to the 988 Lifeline:¹⁵

- One cooperative agreement designated and provided funding for a 988 Lifeline administrator to operate the network. The network administrator was responsible for developing and operating the 988 Lifeline crisis contact center network infrastructure, establishing system requirements, providing technology support, and implementing crisis counselor training standards.
- Two cooperative agreements with states supported the development or improvement of routing or capacity infrastructure so that their local crisis contact centers would be better able to answer calls, texts, or chats (see table 1).

¹⁴Cooperative agreements are a type of federal assistance similar to grants that are used when the federal government expects to have substantial involvement in a program along with the award recipient.

¹⁵SAMHSA funded three additional cooperative agreements that supported connecting individuals with follow-up services, among other things. We previously reported on SAMHSA's efforts to support crisis response services, including federal funding that supported the 988 Lifeline. See GAO, *Behavioral Health: Federal Activities to Support Crisis Response Services*, [GAO-25-107586](#) (Washington, D.C.: Sept. 4, 2025) and *Behavioral Health: Reported Funding for COVID-19 and 988 Suicide & Crisis Lifeline, 2020-2025*, [GAO-26-107915](#) (Washington, D.C.: Feb. 25, 2026).

Table 1: Selected SAMHSA Cooperative Agreements (Dollars in Millions) for the 988 Lifeline, Fiscal Years (FY) 2021 through 2025

Award name	Award purpose	Total number of awardees	Project period	Amount awarded (dollars in millions)
FY 2021 Cooperative Agreement for National Suicide Prevention Lifeline and Disaster Distress Helpline	Award to a single entity to manage, enhance, and strengthen the 988 Lifeline that routes individuals in the U.S. to a network of certified crisis centers. This includes supporting the integration of 988 into the Lifeline center crisis network as required by the National Suicide Hotline Designation Act of 2020.	Nationwide network administrator (one nonprofit organization)	Sept. 30, 2021-Sept. 29, 2026	\$635.7
FY 2022 Cooperative Agreements for States and Territories to Build Local 988 Capacity	Recruit, hire, and train workforce to staff 988 Lifeline centers and engage with other Lifeline crisis centers to unify 988 response across states and territories.	48 states, the District of Columbia, and five U.S. territories	Apr. 30, 2022-Apr. 29, 2025	\$151.0
FY 2023 Cooperative Agreements for States and Territories to Improve Local 988 Capacity	Enhance hiring and training of the 988 workforce, implement technology and security measures, and improve support for high-risk and underserved populations.	47 states, the District of Columbia, and five U.S. territories	Sept. 30, 2023-Sept. 29, 2026	\$354.7

Source: GAO analysis of Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) information. | GAO-26-108114

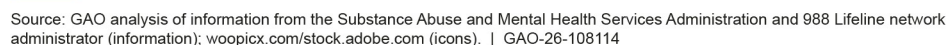
Notes: This table refers to cooperative agreements that supported the network administrator and building capacity for calls, texts, or chats to be answered at local crisis contact centers within states and territories. It does not include all cooperative agreements related to the 988 Lifeline, such as those that supported connecting individuals with follow-up services. The amounts shown were awarded as of July 24, 2025.

To meet the needs of their jurisdictions, behavioral health officials have told us that states and others often combine, or braid, SAMHSA funding with other funds, including state appropriations and payments from Medicaid. As a result of disparate needs and priorities of each state and differences in the availability of funding, states collectively exhibit a range of capacity in offering behavioral health crisis services.

988 Lifeline Routing Depends on Contact Method and Type of Service Sought

The 988 Lifeline routing processes are similar across contact methods (calls, texts, and chats), but aspects of the process differ depending on the contact method and service selected (local crisis contact center support or Spanish language crisis contact center support).¹⁶ For all contact methods, the 988 Lifeline routes contacts after individuals seeking help contact 988 and select a service from a service menu. See figure 2 for an overview of routing processes for calls and figure 3 for an overview of routing processes for texts and chats.

¹⁶Local crisis contact centers provide service in English; interpretation support for local crisis contact centers was available in more than 240 languages as of March 2026. From September 2022 until July 2025, the 988 Lifeline also offered specialized service for LGBTQ+ youth and young adults. According to a statement from SAMHSA, funding for the service was fully expended as of June 2025. In reports referenced by the Explanatory Statement accompanying the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2026, funding was restored and SAMHSA was directed to use the funding to provide specialized services for LGBTQ+ youth. As of March 2026, SAMHSA officials said they were actively working through the requirements of the appropriation.



Accessible Data for Figure 2: Routing Processes for Calls to the 988 Lifeline, as of March 2026

An individual calls the 988 Lifeline.	The call connects to the 988 Lifeline network administrator's system.
The individual selects a service.	
Local in-state	Spanish language The call is routed to a national crisis contact center with crisis counselors who speak Spanish.
The call is routed to a local crisis contact center in the individual's state.	National backup
If the call is not answered within a certain time frame at the previous crisis contact center, it may be rerouted to another in the state.	If the call is not answered within a certain time frame at the previous crisis contact center, it is rerouted to a national backup crisis contact center.

Source: GAO analysis of information from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration and 988 Lifeline network administrator (information); woopicx.com/stock.adobe.com (icons). | GAO-26-108114

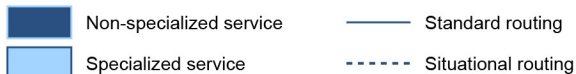
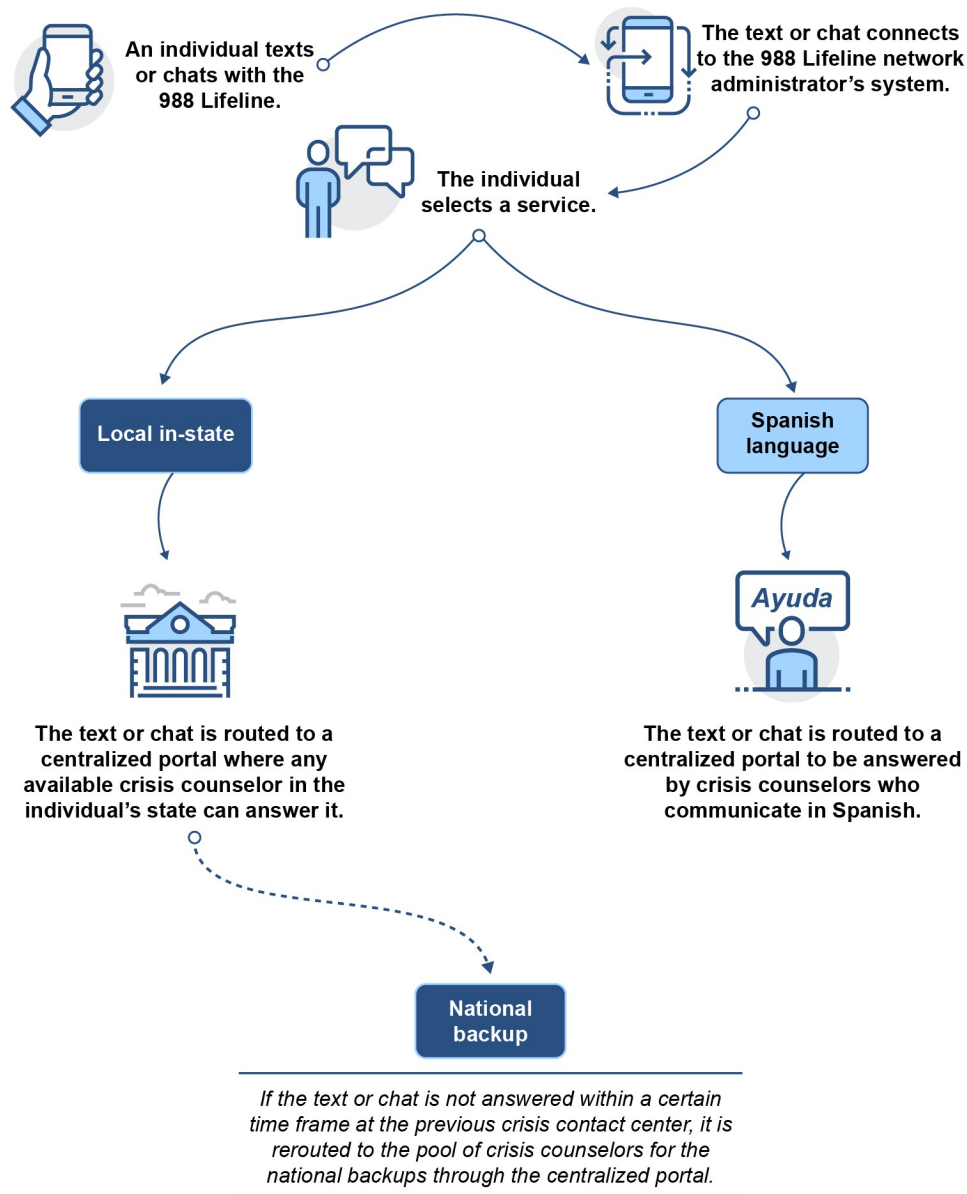
Notes: According to SAMHSA officials, states could choose to have calls rerouted to another local crisis contact center in their state if they were not answered at the first center within a certain amount of time. They said calls were rerouted from a state's local crisis contact centers to national backups if they were not answered within 2 minutes.

According to SAMHSA and the network administrator, callers who selected local service were generally routed directly from the network administrator's system to local crisis contact centers. However, states could choose to set up their own systems for routing calls from the network administrator's system to local crisis contact centers in their state. Network administrator representatives said states may choose to develop such systems for various reasons, such as to meet regulatory requirements or improve interoperability of crisis response within the state. As of March 2026, SAMHSA officials said two states used their own systems to route calls to local crisis contact centers within their state.

From September 2022 until July 2025, the 988 Lifeline also offered specialized service for lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning (LGBTQ+) youth and young adults. In reports referenced by the Explanatory Statement accompanying the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2026, funding was restored, and SAMHSA was directed to use the funding to provide specialized services for LGBTQ+ youth. As of March 2026, SAMHSA officials said they were actively working through the requirements of the appropriation.

^aThe National Suicide Hotline Designation Act of 2020 designates 988 as the universal telephone number for the hotline operating through the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline as well as for the Veterans Crisis Line, a service run by the Department of Veterans Affairs that supports veterans and their family and friends. Pub. L. No. 116-172, § 3(a) 132 Stat. 832, 832-33 (codified at 47 U.S.C. § 251(e)(4)). Individuals who call the 988 Lifeline can choose an option to be transferred from the 988 Lifeline to the Veterans Crisis Line.

Figure 3: Routing Processes for Texts and Chats to the 988 Lifeline, as of March 2026



Source: GAO analysis of information from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration and 988 Lifeline network administrator (information); woopicx.com/stock.adobe.com (icons). | GAO-26-108114

Accessible Data for Figure 3: Routing Processes for Texts and Chats to the 988 Lifeline, as of March 2026

An individual texts or chats with the 988 Lifeline.	The text or chat connects to the 988 Lifeline network administrator's system.
The individual selects a service.	
Local in-state The text or chat is routed to a centralized portal where any available crisis counselor in the individual's state can answer it.	Spanish language The text or chat is routed to a centralized portal to be answered by crisis counselors who communicate in Spanish.
National Backup If the text or chat is not answered within a certain time frame at the previous crisis contact center, it is rerouted to the pool of crisis counselors for the national backups through the centralized portal.	

Source: GAO analysis of information from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration and 988 Lifeline network administrator (information); woopicx.com/stock.adobe.com (icons). | GAO-26-108114

Notes: According to SAMHSA officials, as of September 2025, texts and chats to crisis counselors at local crisis contact centers were rerouted to the pool of crisis counselors at national backup crisis contact centers if they were not answered within 5 minutes.

According to SAMHSA and the network administrator, texts and chats for local service were generally routed to a centralized portal where any available crisis counselor in the individual's state could answer it. However, states could choose to set up their own systems for routing texts and chats to crisis counselors in their state. Network administrator representatives said states may choose to develop such systems for various reasons, such as to meet regulatory requirements or improve interoperability of crisis response within the state. As of March 2026, SAMHSA officials said six states used their own systems for routing texts and chats to local crisis counselors.

From September 2022 until July 2025, the 988 Lifeline also offered specialized service for lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning (LGBTQ+) youth and young adults. In reports referenced by the Explanatory Statement accompanying the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2026, funding was restored, and SAMHSA was directed to use the funding to provide specialized services for LGBTQ+ youth. As of March 2026, SAMHSA officials said they were actively working through the requirements of the appropriation.

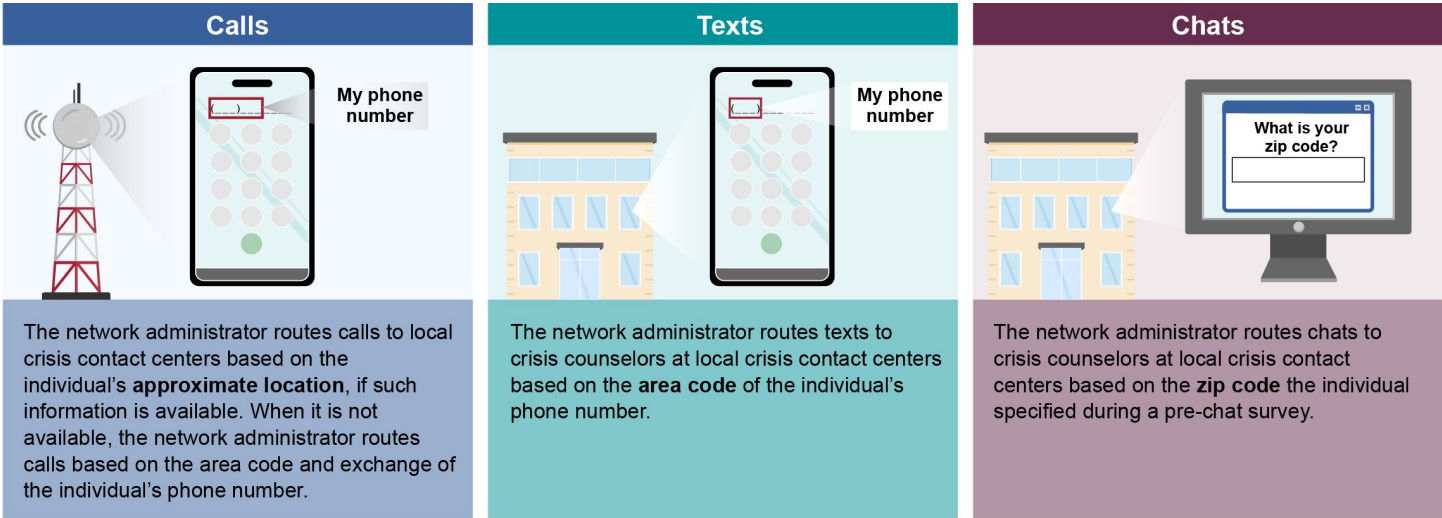
Calls, texts, and chats for local service that are not answered within a certain amount of time—generally 2 minutes for calls and 5 minutes for texts and chats, according to SAMHSA officials—are to be rerouted to national backup crisis contact centers.¹⁷ Officials explained that this time limit was selected to balance minimizing wait times to reach someone with allowing time for a call, text, or chat to be answered at local crisis contact centers. Network administrator representatives said local centers were best able to connect individuals with local resources, such as local mental health services or mobile crisis teams. Network administrator representatives explained that calls, texts, and chats routed to the Spanish language service do not have a maximum queue time due to the language requirement. They said the national backup crisis contact centers only provided services in English, so calls, texts, and chats to the Spanish language service could not be rerouted to the national backups regardless of the time spent in queue.¹⁸

The 988 Lifeline generally uses individuals' approximate location—also known as georouting data—to route calls. It uses other information to route texts and chats. Starting in September 2024, the 988 Lifeline began using information about a caller's approximate location to route calls. The 988 Lifeline uses the texter's phone number area code to route texts and the zip code entered during a short pre-chat survey to route chats. According to SAMHSA, calls, texts, and chats requesting help in Spanish are routed to crisis contact centers providing that service. See figure 4 for a summary of information the network administrator uses to route calls, texts, and chats to local crisis contact centers.

¹⁷According to SAMHSA officials, states could choose to have calls rerouted to another local crisis contact center in their state if they are not answered at the first center within a certain amount of time. They said calls are rerouted from a state's local crisis contact centers to national backups if they are not answered within 2 minutes. SAMHSA officials and network administrator representatives explained that the maximum amount of time before a call is rerouted to national backups is determined in consultation with representatives from the network administrator, the crisis contact center, and the state in which the crisis contact center is located but is generally set at 2 minutes.

¹⁸The 988 Lifeline had interpretation support available in more than 240 languages as of March 2026.

Figure 4: Information Used to Route Contacts to Local Crisis Contact Centers, as of March 2026



Source: GAO analysis of information from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Federal Communications Commission, and 988 Lifeline network administrator (information and illustrations). | GAO-26-108114

Accessible Data for Figure 4: Information Used to Route Contacts to Local Crisis Contact Centers, as of March 2026

Calls	Texts	Chats
The network administrator routes calls to local crisis contact centers based on the individual's approximate location, if such information is available. When it is not available, the network administrator routes calls based on the area code and exchange of the individual's phone number.	The network administrator routes texts to crisis counselors at local crisis contact centers based on the area code of the individual's phone number.	The network administrator routes chats to crisis counselors at local crisis contact centers based on the zip code the individual specified during a pre-chat survey.

Source: GAO analysis of information from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Federal Communications Commission, and 988 Lifeline network administrator (information and illustrations). | GAO-26-108114

Notes: Information about a caller's approximate geographic location is also referred to as georouting data.

The information the network administrator uses to route calls to local crisis contact centers has changed since 2024, and additional changes are planned for routing texts.¹⁹

- **Information used for routing calls.** FCC published a final rule in November 2024 requiring wireless providers to transmit georouting data with calls to 988 to help inform call routing.²⁰ Nationwide wireless providers (i.e., AT&T, T-Mobile, and Verizon) were required to transmit georouting data with calls to 988 by January 13, 2025, and, according to FCC and SAMHSA, are now doing so. The FCC rule requires non-nationwide wireless providers to transmit georouting data with calls to 988 by December 14, 2026.

¹⁹The 988 Lifeline has not changed routing processes for chats, and no changes were planned as of March 2026, according to SAMHSA.

²⁰89 Fed. Reg. 88,890 (Nov. 12, 2024). The rule defines georouting data as location data generated from cell-based location technology that is aggregated to a level that will not identify the location of the cell site or base station receiving the 988 call or otherwise identify the precise location of the handset. Unlike geolocation, georouting data does not disclose the precise geographic location of the caller.

Prior to the use of georouting data, calls were routed to local crisis contact centers based on the caller’s area code and telephone number exchange (i.e., the three digits of the phone number immediately following the area code). If a caller’s location did not correspond with the geographic area suggested by their telephone number, the call was routed to a crisis contact center that may not have been local to the caller.

Network administrator representatives explained that crisis counselors at local crisis contact centers are best positioned to connect callers with local resources for follow-up support, such as local community mental health professionals or clinics. They also said crisis counselors at national crisis contact centers had limited information about the resources available for follow-up support in a caller’s local area.

- **Information used for routing texts.** FCC published a final rule in September 2025 requiring wireless providers to transmit georouting data with texts to 988.²¹ The FCC rule facilitates routing of 988 Lifeline texts to the nearest crisis contact center to the texter based on georouting data. Similar to the final rule for calls, this rule requires wireless providers to transmit georouting data with texts to 988 that could be used to inform routing. Nationwide wireless providers are required to transmit georouting data with texts to 988 by April 16, 2027, and non-nationwide wireless providers are required to transmit such information by October 16, 2028.

Overall Volume Increased from July 2022 through September 2025 While Answer Rate and Average Time to Answer Varied by Contact Method

SAMHSA Measures 988 Lifeline Capacity through Contact Volume, Answer Rate, and Average Time to Answer

SAMHSA primarily measures 988 Lifeline capacity in terms of contact volume, answer rates, and average time to answer, according to SAMHSA officials and network administrator representatives.²² See table 2.

Table 2: Measures SAMHSA and the Network Administrator Use to Assess Capacity of the 988 Lifeline

Measure	Definition
Contact volume	The number of contacts that were routed to a crisis contact center after individuals selected a service (local; Spanish language; or lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning youth and young adult).
Answer rate	The percentage of contacts that were routed to crisis contact centers and were answered by crisis counselors.
Average time to answer	The average length of time it took for contacts to be answered after they were routed to crisis contact centers.

Source: GAO analysis of information from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) and the 988 Lifeline network administrator. | GAO-26-108114

As described in more detail later in this report, the network administrator, in collaboration with SAMHSA, used 988 Lifeline capacity measures to assess performance, to forecast contact volume, and better understand

²¹90 Fed. Reg. 44,564 (Sept. 16, 2025).

²²Average time to answer is also known as “average speed to answer” or “average wait time.”

staffing needs nationally and for individual crisis contact centers, according to SAMHSA officials and network administrator representatives.

SAMHSA and the network administrator also collected other information to understand network capacity, officials told us. For example, the network administrator, in collaboration with SAMHSA, collects information on the percentage of contacts that disconnected prior to being answered and the percentage of contacts that were rerouted to national backup crisis contact centers. Additionally, SAMHSA collects information about conversation length, and, according to officials, the network administrator collects some limited information on crisis contact center staffing, such as how many crisis counselors completed their required training.

Overall Contact Volume for the 988 Lifeline Increased and Local Crisis Contact Centers Answered a Larger Share of Contacts over Time

The overall contact volume (for calls, texts, and chats) for the 988 Lifeline increased by about 90 percent from July 2022 through September 2025, according to SAMHSA Lifeline data. Similarly, the percentage of contacts answered at local crisis contact centers, as opposed to national backup centers, also increased over time. Most calls (about 76 percent) were answered at local crisis contact centers, while most texts and chats (about 58 percent) were answered at national backup crisis contact centers during the period.

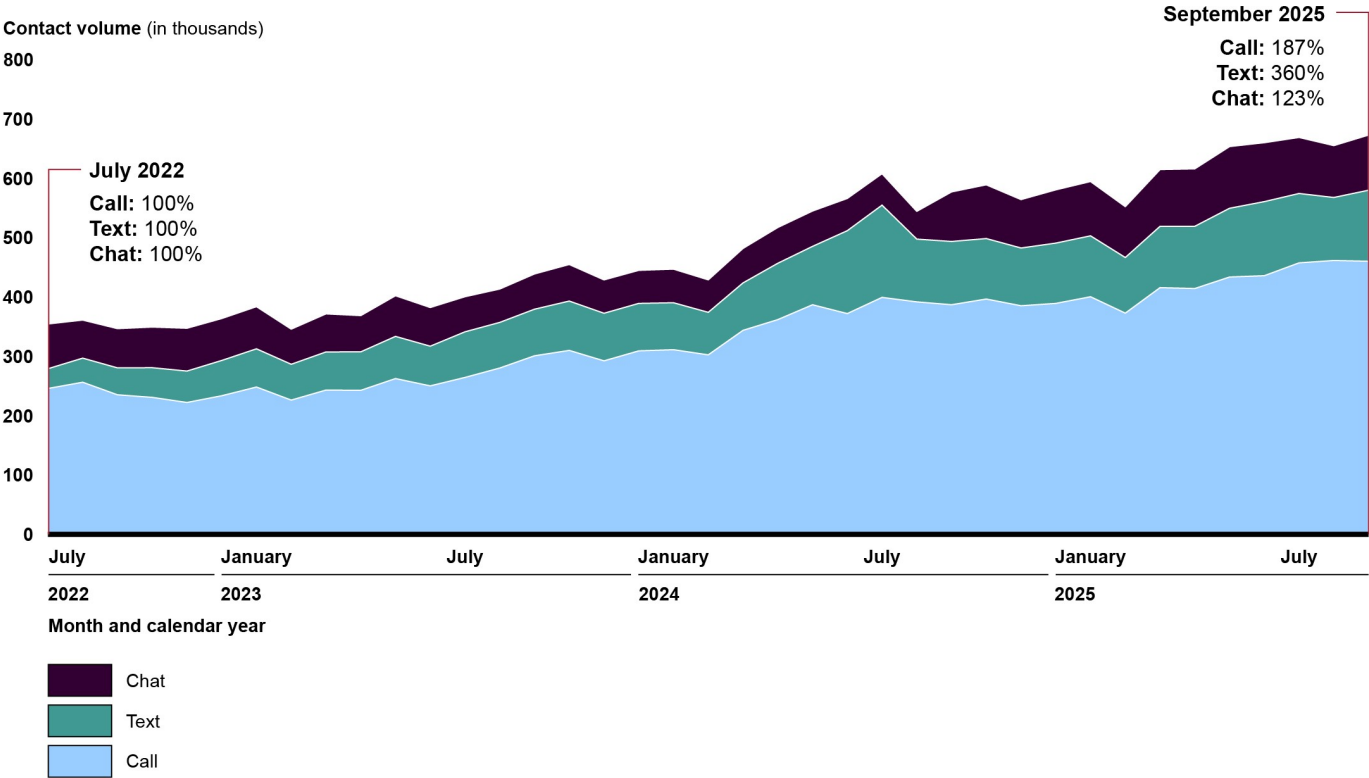
Overall Contact Volume

From July 2022 through September 2025, about 19.1 million contacts (i.e., calls, texts, and chats) were routed to 988 Lifeline crisis contact centers. About 68 percent of all contacts were calls, about 18 percent were texts, and about 15 percent were chats.²³

The 988 Lifeline data showed the volume of calls, texts, and chats routed to the 988 Lifeline generally increased from July 2022 through September 2025. Specifically, call volume increased by about 87 percent, text volume increased by about 260 percent, and chat volume increased by about 23 percent over the time period (see fig. 5).

²³The 988 Lifeline also provides service for videophone calls for individuals who are deaf and hard of hearing and who chose to contact the 988 Lifeline with their videophone number. See appendix II for data on the videophone service. Videophone data are presented separately from call, text, and chat data for consistency with how SAMHSA and the network administrator publicly report 988 Lifeline performance data.

Figure 5: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025



Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Accessible Data for Figure 5: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
July 2022	245905	33279	75441
Aug 2022	256398	40627	64115
Sep 2022	235238	45377	66141
Oct 2022	230928	49992	68425
Nov 2022	222283	52952	72168
Dec 2022	233648	59484	70616
January 2023	248339	64379	71058
Feb 2023	226314	60365	59225
Mar 2023	243219	64259	64146
Apr 2023	242740	64859	61082
May 2023	262617	71067	68537
Jun 2023	250287	66861	65180
July 2023	264504	76886	59144
Aug 2023	280357	76885	56260
Sep 2023	300979	78512	59414
Oct 2023	310044	83153	61640
Nov 2023	292441	80218	56194
Dec 2023	309275	80026	55663
January 2024	311249	79137	56615
Feb 2024	302538	71664	54746
Mar 2024	343875	79931	58111
Apr 2024	361912	94964	60307
May 2024	386978	98393	59568
Jun 2024	372106	139658	54352
July 2024	399393	155457	52994
Aug 2024	391819	105820	46749
Sep 2024	387015	106630	83473
Oct 2024	396618	101938	90549
Nov 2024	385295	97329	81586
Dec 2024	389265	101595	89752
January 2025	400463	102686	91493
Feb 2025	372851	93728	85747
Mar 2025	415813	103360	95633
Apr 2025	414310	104879	96845
May 2025	433746	115832	103968
Jun 2025	435953	124818	99299
July 2025	457563	116938	94430
Aug 2025	461611	106148	87412

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
Sep 2025	460264	119747	92936

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Note: Contact volume reflects the number of calls, texts, and chats that were routed to crisis contact centers after individuals selected a service. Data shown include contacts that were routed to local, Spanish language, lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning youth and young adult, and national backup crisis contact centers. Call volume increased from 245,905 in July 2022 to 460,264 in September 2025 (87 percent increase); text volume increased from 33,279 in July 2022 to 119,747 in September 2025 (260 percent increase); and chat volume increased from 75,441 in July 2022 to 92,936 in September 2025 (23 percent increase).

Contact volume generally increased across each of the 988 Lifeline service types (i.e., local, Spanish language, LGBTQ+ youth and young adult, and national backup) during the period we reviewed. For example, the contact volume for the LGBTQ+ youth and young adult service increased from 1,752 contacts in September 2022 (the month the service was first launched) to 69,571 contacts in June 2025 (the last full month the service was provided).²⁴ Additionally, call volume for local services increased in 53 states, and text and chat volume increased in 45 states from August 2022 (the first full month of service after the “988” number was assigned to the Lifeline) to September 2025.²⁵ See appendix III for more information on contact volume by 988 Lifeline service type.

Officials from SAMHSA and selected states we interviewed identified several factors that contributed to increases in contact volume. According to SAMHSA officials, advertising campaigns, system improvements (such as shortening the pre-chat survey), and seasonality contributed to increases in contact volume.²⁶ Similarly, officials from all 11 states we interviewed said advertising campaigns contributed to increases in contact volume at crisis contact centers in their state. Officials from ten of the 11 states identified additional factors that may have contributed to increases in volume, such as natural disasters, high-profile suicides, or public health emergencies.

Where Contacts Were Answered

Calls. From July 2022 through September 2025, about 76 percent of the calls to the 988 Lifeline were answered at local crisis contact centers, SAMHSA Lifeline data show. Specifically, local crisis contact centers answered an increasingly large share of calls over time, from about 74 percent in July 2022 to about 83 percent in September 2025 (see fig. 6).²⁷

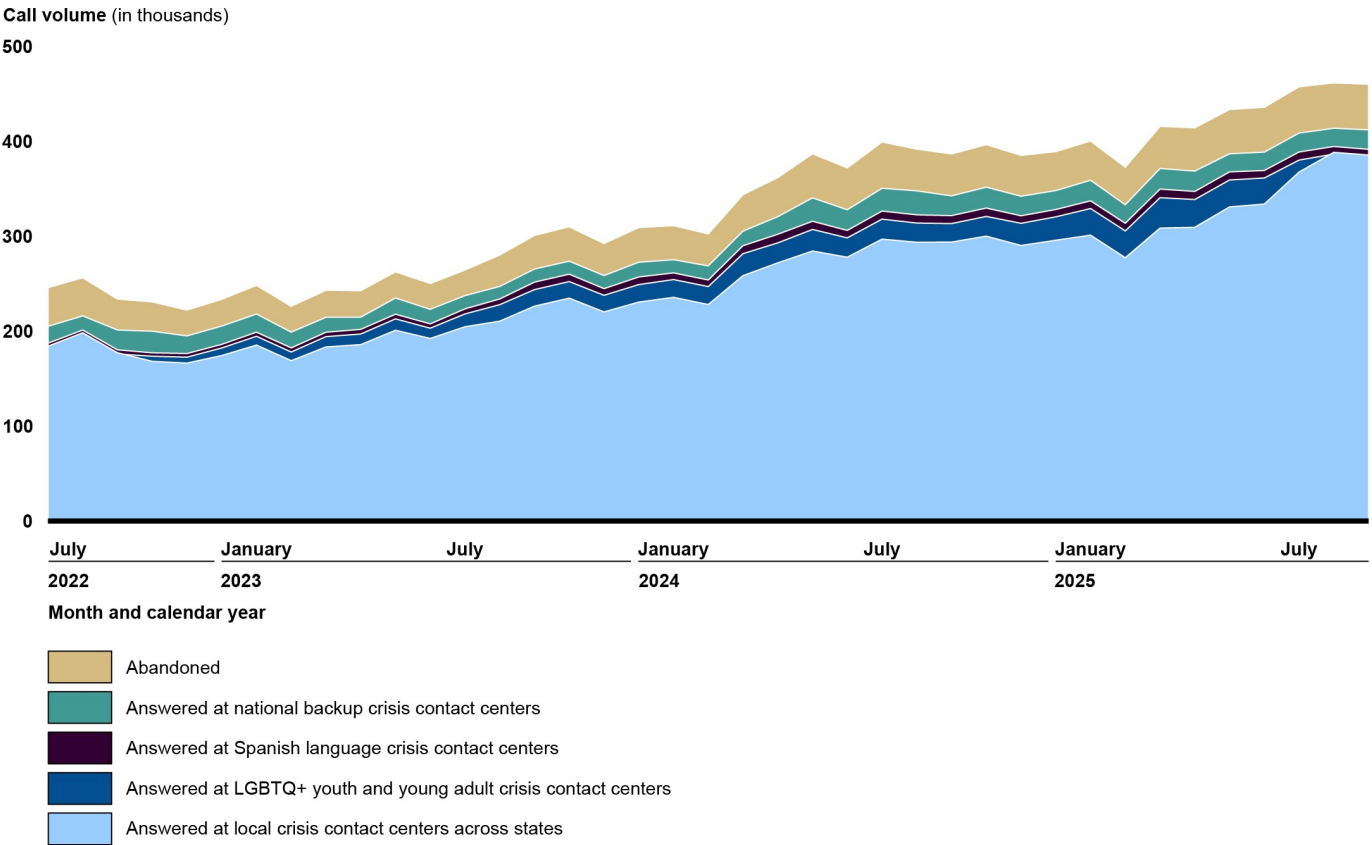
²⁴The 988 Lifeline’s LGBTQ+ youth and young adult service was discontinued on July 17, 2025. According to SAMHSA, the service was discontinued due to appropriations being fully expended as of June 2025. In reports referenced by the Explanatory Statement accompanying the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2026, funding was restored and SAMHSA was directed to use the funding to provide specialized services for LGBTQ+ youth. As of March 2026, SAMHSA officials said they were actively working through the requirements of the appropriation.

²⁵For information on volume, answer rates, and average time to answer at the state level, see our interactive graphic at <http://www.gao.gov/products/GAO-26-108114>. For reporting purposes, we use the term “states” to refer to states, the District of Columbia, and five U.S. territories.

²⁶Individuals who contacted the 988 Lifeline via chat were asked to complete a brief pre-chat survey, which asked for their zip code and whether they were experiencing thoughts of suicide, among other things.

²⁷The number of states with local support for calls increased from 53 states in July 2022 to 55 states in September 2025.

Figure 6: Number of Calls Answered and Abandoned for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025



LGBTQ+ = lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Accessible Data for Figure 6: Number of Calls Answered and Abandoned for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Answered at local crisis contact centers across states	Answered at LGBTQ+ youth and young adult crisis contact centers	Answered at Spanish language crisis contact centers	Answered at national backup crisis contact centers	Abandoned
July 2022	182378	0	4965	17810	40692
Aug 2022	196554	0	4692	14934	40200
Sep 2022	175470	492	4437	20914	32552
Oct 2022	166429	7294	3531	22762	30904
Nov 2022	164599	8073	3841	18566	27194
Dec 2022	172557	9809	3789	19302	28180
January 2023	183594	11067	4325	19142	30208
Feb 2023	167140	10990	4321	16616	27227
Mar 2023	181610	12713	4603	15785	28502
Apr 2023	184069	13000	4911	12875	27873
May 2023	199191	13812	4907	17110	27581
Jun 2023	190574	12650	4523	15375	27167
July 2023	202887	15355	5348	13920	26975
Aug 2023	208774	19217	5978	13243	33127
Sep 2023	224599	19266	7878	13786	35422
Oct 2023	233011	19308	7783	13722	36203
Nov 2023	218517	19349	6994	13794	33774
Dec 2023	228875	20268	8020	15525	36524
January 2024	233872	20566	7012	13929	35847
Feb 2024	226292	20743	6926	14872	33688
Mar 2024	256736	24992	8374	15400	38339
Apr 2024	270179	22896	9090	18522	41201
May 2024	282670	24559	8613	24670	46408
Jun 2024	276152	22212	7838	21761	44110
July 2024	295179	22923	8493	24004	48766
Aug 2024	291927	22047	8626	25289	43917
Sep 2024	292105	21286	8399	20804	44157
Oct 2024	298339	22620	8800	22015	44831
Nov 2024	288490	25200	7914	20594	43077
Dec 2024	294015	26494	7717	19961	41039
January 2025	299377	29892	8108	21685	41398
Feb 2025	275625	30085	8023	19545	39561
Mar 2025	306832	33871	9070	21674	44357
Apr 2025	307691	31083	8488	21470	45572
May 2025	329147	30215	8510	19099	46623
Jun 2025	332126	29321	7891	19331	47263

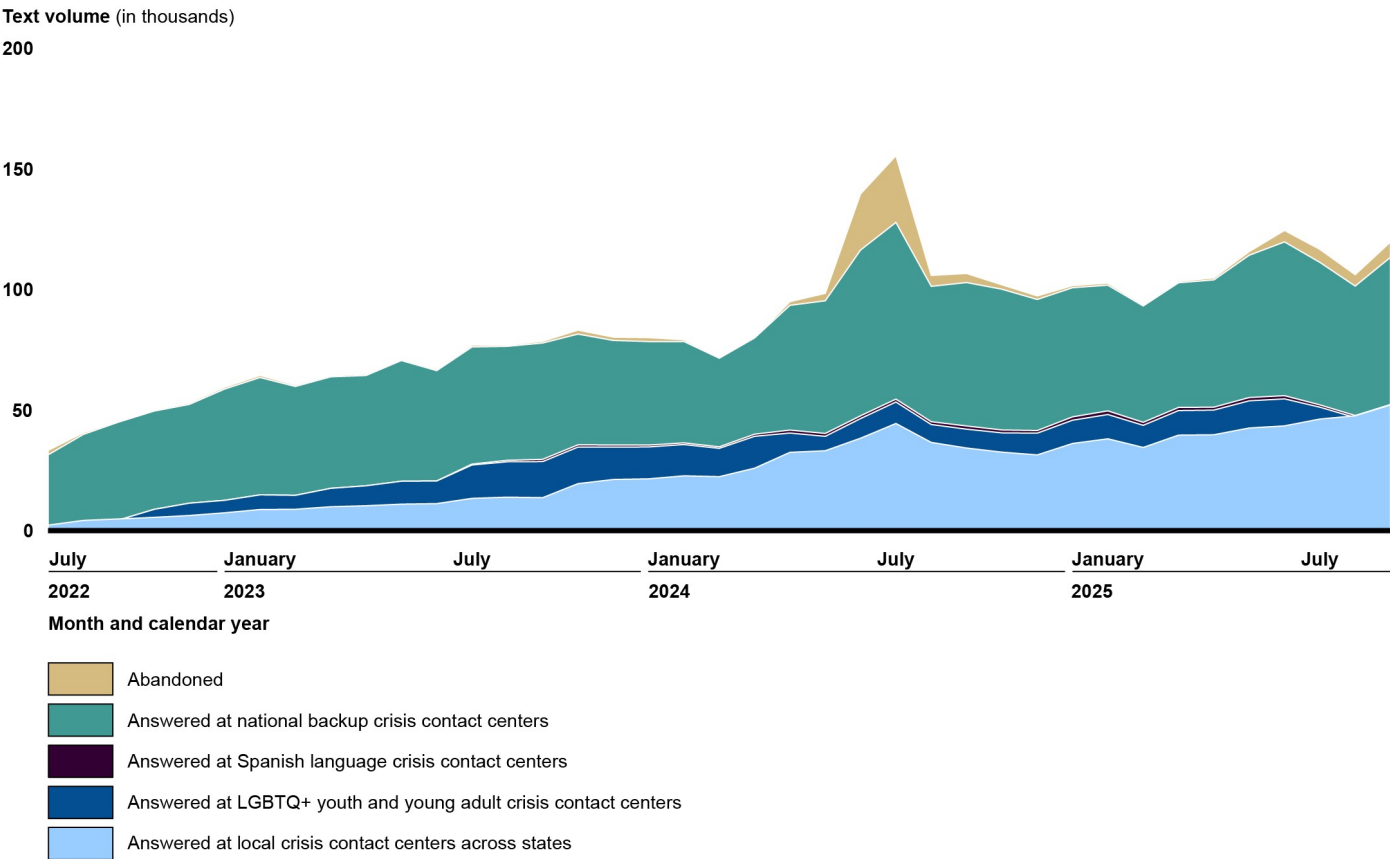
Month and calendar year	Answered at local crisis contact centers across states	Answered at LGBTQ+ youth and young adult crisis contact centers	Answered at Spanish language crisis contact centers	Answered at national backup crisis contact centers	Abandoned
July 2025	365842	14461	8491	19996	48760
Aug 2025	386657	0	7998	19186	47738
Sep 2025	383771	0	7850	20562	48073

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Note: Call volume reflects the number of calls that were routed to a 988 Lifeline crisis contact center after the individual selected a service. Specialized service for LGBTQ+ youth and young adults began in September 2022 and was discontinued on July 17, 2025. National backup crisis contact centers answered calls, texts, and chats not answered within a certain amount of time at local or LGBTQ+ youth and young adult crisis contact centers, according to SAMHSA officials. Abandoned contacts were routed to a service but disconnected before being answered by a crisis counselor. According to SAMHSA, disconnection could occur for various reasons, including the individual changing their mind about getting care at that moment and due to random technical service interruptions. A small number of calls (approximately 0.01 percent of all calls) had an unknown outcome and are not shown.

Texts. From July 2022 through September 2025, most of the texts to the 988 Lifeline were answered at national backup crisis contact centers (about 58 percent), while local crisis contact centers answered a smaller share (about 28 percent). However, the share of texts to the 988 Lifeline that were answered at local crisis contact centers increased over time, from about 5 percent in July 2022 to about 43 percent in September 2025 (see fig. 7). The increase in share of texts answered at local centers aligned with an increase in the number of states supporting local service for texts, with 18 states supporting texts in July 2022 and 44 states supporting texts in September 2025.

Figure 7: Number of Texts Answered and Abandoned for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025



LGBTQ+ = lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Accessible Data for Figure 7: Number of Texts Answered and Abandoned for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Answered at local crisis contact centers across states	Answered at LGBTQ+ youth and young adult crisis contact centers	Answered at Spanish language crisis contact centers	Answered at national backup crisis contact centers	Abandoned
July 2022	1536	0	0	29889	1854
Aug 2022	3509	0	0	36403	715
Sep 2022	4117	291	0	40623	346
Oct 2022	4768	4049	0	40749	426
Nov 2022	5542	5851	0	40954	605
Dec 2022	6662	5915	0	46141	766
January 2023	8025	6813	0	48653	888
Feb 2023	8133	6514	0	45125	593
Mar 2023	9173	8374	0	46231	481
Apr 2023	9587	9013	0	45723	536
May 2023	10249	10240	0	50045	533
Jun 2023	10469	10127	0	45743	522
July 2023	12651	14566	382	48558	729
Aug 2023	13143	15410	623	47244	465
Sep 2023	12935	15690	939	48217	731
Oct 2023	18744	15899	941	45908	1661
Nov 2023	20470	14150	897	43337	1364
Dec 2023	20739	13964	778	42921	1624
January 2024	22000	13700	680	42035	722
Feb 2024	21639	12478	637	36741	169
Mar 2024	25164	13945	890	39912	20
Apr 2024	31728	8739	1228	51725	1544
May 2024	32391	6717	1184	55004	3097
Jun 2024	37591	8882	1156	68735	23294
July 2024	43692	9642	1197	73262	27664
Aug 2024	35839	8163	1167	56119	4532
Sep 2024	33513	8558	1319	59464	3776
Oct 2024	31805	8737	1209	58344	1843
Nov 2024	30654	9767	1083	54334	1491
Dec 2024	35402	10387	1389	53531	886
January 2025	37341	10812	1501	52107	860
Feb 2025	33752	9926	1239	48238	544
Mar 2025	38868	10921	1295	51687	565
Apr 2025	39020	10971	1203	52766	839
May 2025	41819	12007	1363	58985	1527
Jun 2025	42699	11940	1319	63750	4770

Month and calendar year	Answered at local crisis contact centers across states	Answered at LGBTQ+ youth and young adult crisis contact centers	Answered at Spanish language crisis contact centers	Answered at national backup crisis contact centers	Abandoned
July 2025	45531	5660	956	59085	5402
Aug 2025	46888	0	845	53671	4738
Sep 2025	51375	0	949	61004	6399

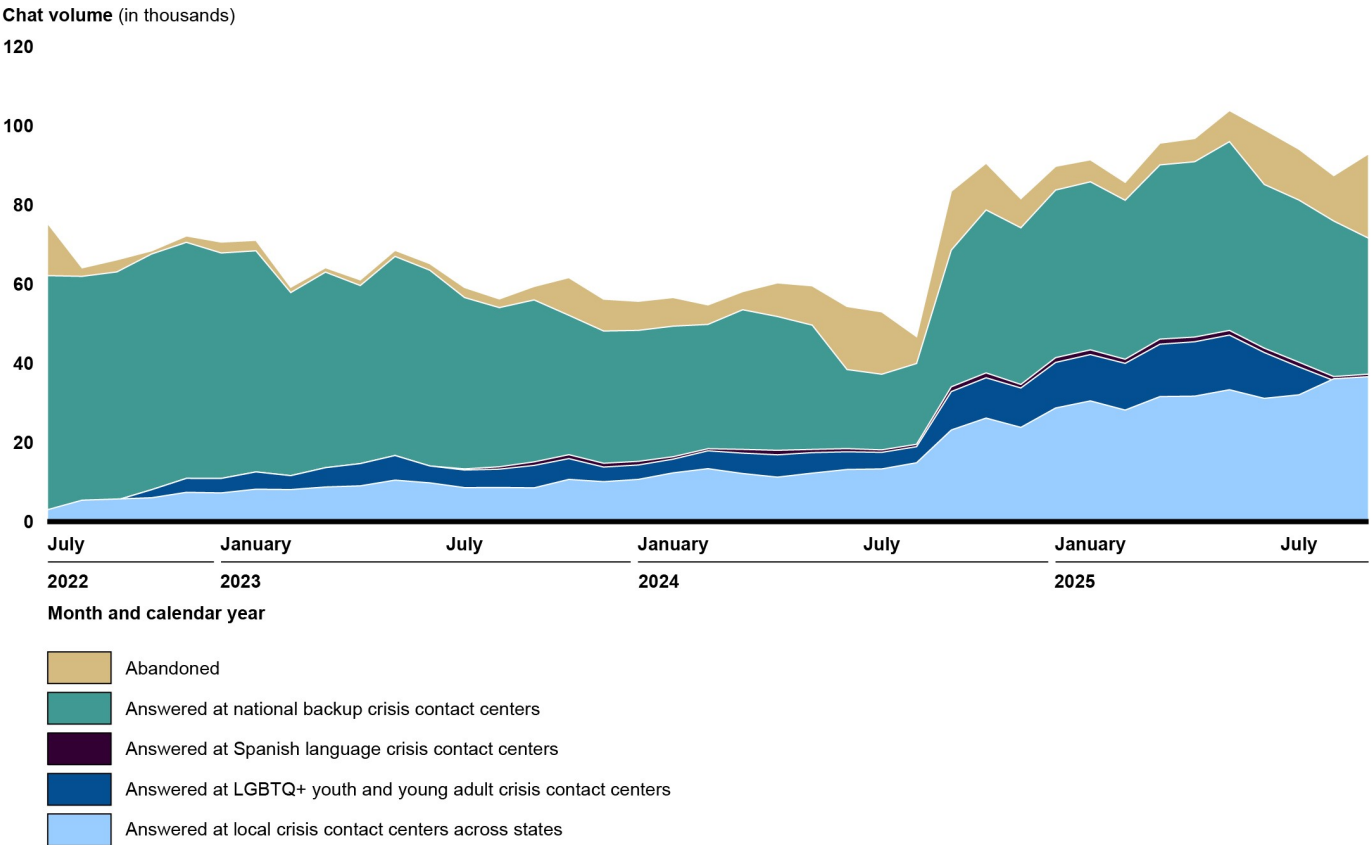
Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Notes: Text volume reflects the number of texts that were routed to a 988 Lifeline crisis contact center after the individual selected a service. Specialized service for LGBTQ+ youth and young adults began in September 2022 and was discontinued on July 17, 2025. The Spanish language service began supporting texts in July 2023. National backup crisis contact centers answered calls, texts, and chats that were not answered within a certain amount of time at local or LGBTQ+ youth and young adult crisis contact centers, according to SAMHSA officials.

Text volume increased notably in June and July 2024, which corresponded with an increase in the average time it took to answer those texts. Abandoned contacts were routed to a service but disconnected before being answered by a crisis counselor. According to SAMHSA, disconnection could occur for various reasons, including the individual changing their mind about getting care at that moment and due to random technical service interruptions. A small number of texts (less than 0.01 percent of all texts) had an unknown outcome and are not shown.

Chats. From July 2022 through September 2025, most of the chats to the 988 Lifeline (about 58 percent) were answered at national backup crisis contact centers, while local crisis contact centers answered a smaller share (about 22 percent). However, the share of chats answered at local crisis contact centers increased over time, from about 3 percent in July 2022 to about 39 percent in September 2025 (see fig. 8). Similar to texts, the increase in share of chats answered at local centers aligned with an increase in the number of states supporting local service for chats, with 18 states supporting chats in July 2022 and 44 states supporting chats in September 2025.

Figure 8: Number of Chats Answered and Abandoned for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025



LGBTQ+ = lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Accessible Data for Figure 8: Number of Chats Answered and Abandoned for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Answered at local crisis contact centers across states	Answered at LGBTQ+ youth and young adult crisis contact centers	Answered at Spanish language crisis contact centers	Answered at national backup crisis contact centers	Abandoned
July 2022	2560	0	0	59569	13312
Aug 2022	4981	0	0	56971	2163
Sep 2022	5279	167	0	57626	3069
Oct 2022	5595	2478	0	59530	822
Nov 2022	6967	3964	0	59609	1628
Dec 2022	6816	4094	0	56943	2763
January 2023	7758	4805	0	55834	2661
Feb 2023	7661	3954	0	46239	1371
Mar 2023	8314	5315	0	49390	1127
Apr 2023	8598	6062	0	44969	1453
May 2023	10044	6661	0	50279	1553
Jun 2023	9356	4709	0	49436	1679
July 2023	8150	4895	285	43263	2551
Aug 2023	8199	5057	602	40193	2209
Sep 2023	8096	6102	897	40901	3418
Oct 2023	10229	5689	992	35205	9525
Nov 2023	9651	4141	954	33394	8054
Dec 2023	10232	4079	921	33077	7354
January 2024	11884	3903	617	32967	7244
Feb 2024	12938	4953	525	31394	4936
Mar 2024	11710	5595	951	35258	4597
Apr 2024	10799	6082	1137	33781	8508
May 2024	11814	5619	818	31374	9943
Jun 2024	12728	4917	796	19973	15938
July 2024	12877	4624	631	19099	15763
Aug 2024	14431	4496	616	20390	6816
Sep 2024	22711	10142	1208	34531	14881
Oct 2024	25717	10622	1231	41156	11823
Nov 2024	23367	10392	895	39559	7373
Dec 2024	28261	11954	1205	42324	6008
January 2025	30058	12143	1187	42441	5573
Feb 2025	27738	12238	1042	40146	4553
Mar 2025	31141	13671	1291	43995	5501
Apr 2025	31256	14174	1190	44279	5875
May 2025	32872	14249	1175	47676	7876
Jun 2025	30697	12026	1099	41344	13879

Month and calendar year	Answered at local crisis contact centers across states	Answered at LGBTQ+ youth and young adult crisis contact centers	Answered at Spanish language crisis contact centers	Answered at national backup crisis contact centers	Abandoned
July 2025	31595	7481	1187	40949	12862
Aug 2025	35643	0	1002	39273	11489
Sep 2025	36170	0	1084	34332	21344

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Notes: Chat volume reflects the number of chats that were routed to a 988 Lifeline crisis contact center after the individual selected a service. Specialized service for LGBTQ+ youth and young adults began in September 2022 and was discontinued on July 17, 2025. The Spanish language service began supporting chats in July 2023. National backup crisis contact centers answered calls, texts, and chats that were not answered within a certain amount of time at local or LGBTQ+ youth and young adult crisis contact centers, according to SAMHSA officials.

Abandoned contacts were routed to a service but disconnected before being answered by a crisis counselor. According to SAMHSA, disconnection could occur for various reasons, including the individual changing their mind about getting care at that moment and due to random technical service interruptions. A small number of chats (less than 0.01 percent of all chats) had an unknown outcome and are not shown.

Answer Rates for Calls Generally Increased and Fluctuated for Texts and Chats; Average Time to Answer Varied across Contact Methods

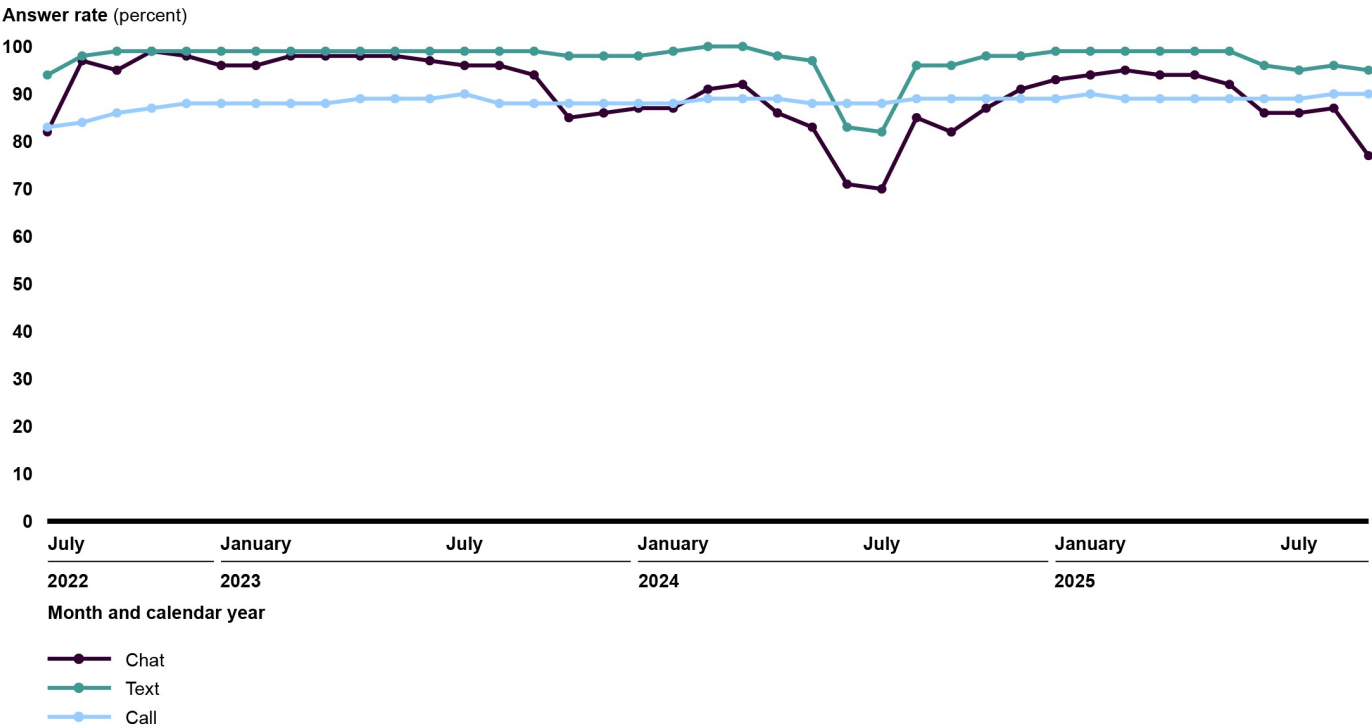
Answer rates and average times to answer varied by contact method from July 2022 through September 2025, according to 988 Lifeline data. Various factors, including staff availability, may affect answer rates and average time to answer, according to officials we interviewed from SAMHSA and our 11 selected states. Other factors that these officials identified included funding for staff, contact volume, and technology issues.

Answer rates. From July 2022 through September 2025, answer rates for all calls to the 988 Lifeline modestly increased while text and chat answer rates fluctuated. Specifically, call answer rates for the 988 Lifeline increased from about 83 percent in July 2022 to about 90 percent in September 2025.²⁸ Answer rates for texts ranged from about 82 percent to about 100 percent, and answer rates for chats ranged from about 70 percent to about 99 percent (see fig. 9). According to SAMHSA officials, a substantial increase in text and chat volume in June and July 2024 contributed to the lower answer rates for texts and chats during those months.²⁹ Similarly, officials said that increases in text volume and average conversation length contributed to the lower answer rates for texts and chats from June through September 2025. Officials explained that increases in conversation length can delay crisis counselors’ availability to accept new texts and chats.

²⁸Abandoned contacts were routed to a service but disconnected before being answered by a crisis counselor. According to SAMHSA, disconnection could occur for various reasons, including the individual changing their mind about getting care at that moment and due to random technical service interruptions.

²⁹SAMHSA officials told us that the increase in chat and text volume in June and July 2024 was primarily related to external advertising campaigns and system improvements for texts and chats.

Figure 9: Answer Rate by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025



Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Accessible Data for Figure 9: Answer Rate by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025

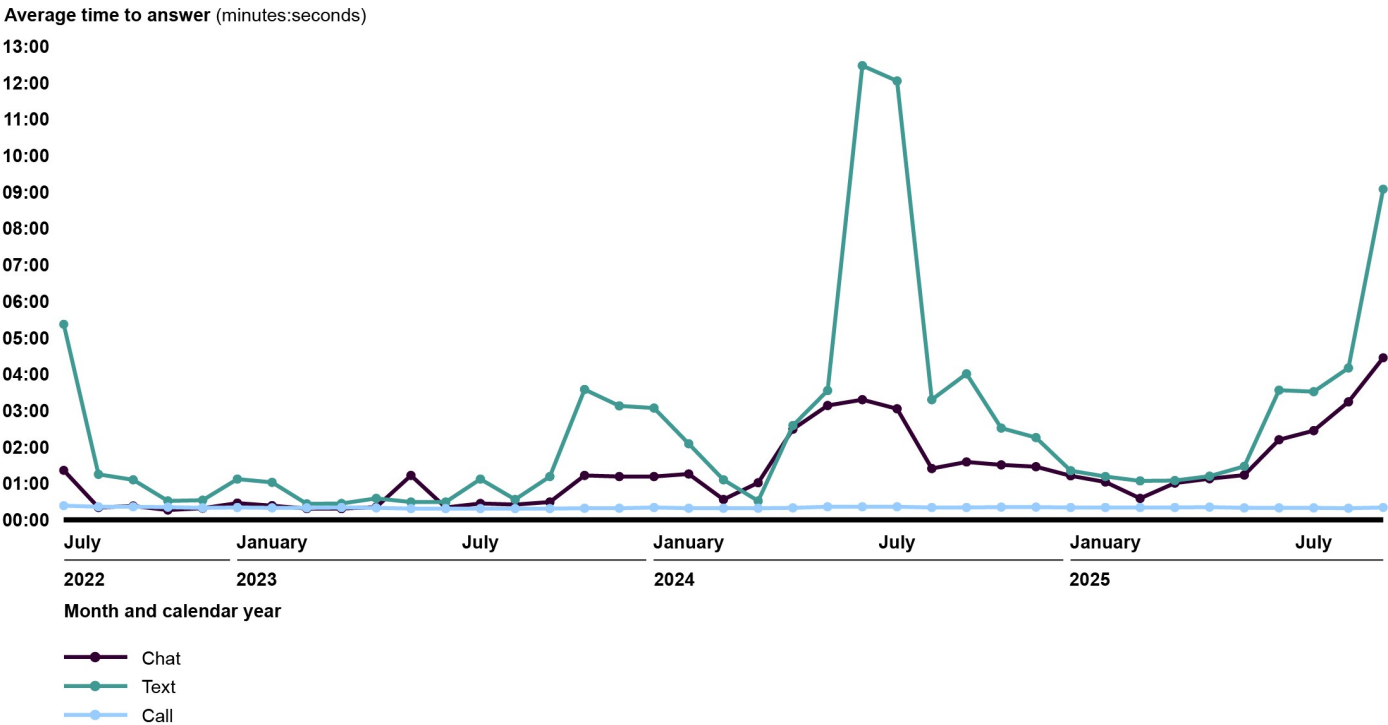
Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
July 2022	0.83	0.94	0.82
Aug 2022	0.84	0.98	0.97
Sep 2022	0.86	0.99	0.95
Oct 2022	0.87	0.99	0.99
Nov 2022	0.88	0.99	0.98
Dec 2022	0.88	0.99	0.96
January 2023	0.88	0.99	0.96
Feb 2023	0.88	0.99	0.98
Mar 2023	0.88	0.99	0.98
Apr 2023	0.89	0.99	0.98
May 2023	0.89	0.99	0.98
Jun 2023	0.89	0.99	0.97
July 2023	0.9	0.99	0.96
Aug 2023	0.88	0.99	0.96
Sep 2023	0.88	0.99	0.94
Oct 2023	0.88	0.98	0.85
Nov 2023	0.88	0.98	0.86
Dec 2023	0.88	0.98	0.87
January 2024	0.88	0.99	0.87
Feb 2024	0.89	1	0.91
Mar 2024	0.89	1	0.92
Apr 2024	0.89	0.98	0.86
May 2024	0.88	0.97	0.83
Jun 2024	0.88	0.83	0.71
July 2024	0.88	0.82	0.7
Aug 2024	0.89	0.96	0.85
Sep 2024	0.89	0.96	0.82
Oct 2024	0.89	0.98	0.87
Nov 2024	0.89	0.98	0.91
Dec 2024	0.89	0.99	0.93
January 2025	0.9	0.99	0.94
Feb 2025	0.89	0.99	0.95
Mar 2025	0.89	0.99	0.94
Apr 2025	0.89	0.99	0.94
May 2025	0.89	0.99	0.92
Jun 2025	0.89	0.96	0.86
July 2025	0.89	0.95	0.86
Aug 2025	0.9	0.96	0.87
Sep 2025	0.9	0.95	0.77

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Note: Answer rate reflects the percentage of calls, texts, and chats routed to crisis contact centers that were answered by crisis counselors. Data shown include contacts that were routed to local, Spanish language, lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning youth and young adult, and national backup crisis contact centers.

Average time to answer. The average length of time it took to answer calls, texts, and chats each month varied from July 2022 through September 2025, but was generally higher for texts and chats compared to calls. During this period, the average time to answer texts ranged from 44 seconds to more than 12 minutes, and the average time to answer for chats ranged from 27 seconds to more than 4 minutes. Comparatively, the average time to answer 988 Lifeline calls ranged from 31 seconds to 39 seconds (see fig. 10). Similar to answer rates, a substantial increase in text and chat volume in June and July 2024 contributed to the increased average time to answer for texts and chats during those months, according to SAMHSA officials.³⁰

Figure 10: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025



Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

³⁰SAMHSA officials also said that increases in text volume and average conversation length contributed to the increased average time to answer for texts and chats from June through September 2025.

Accessible Data for Figure 10: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Overall, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
July 2022	39	537	136
Aug 2022	36	125	34
Sep 2022	36	110	38
Oct 2022	35	52	27
Nov 2022	33	54	32
Dec 2022	34	112	46
January 2023	33	103	39
Feb 2023	33	44	31
Mar 2023	34	45	31
Apr 2023	33	59	35
May 2023	31	49	122
Jun 2023	31	49	34
July 2023	31	112	45
Aug 2023	31	56	42
Sep 2023	31	119	49
Oct 2023	32	358	122
Nov 2023	32	313	119
Dec 2023	34	307	119
January 2024	32	209	126
Feb 2024	32	110	56
Mar 2024	32	52	102
Apr 2024	33	259	249
May 2024	36	355	314
Jun 2024	36	1247	330
July 2024	36	1205	305
Aug 2024	34	330	141
Sep 2024	34	401	159
Oct 2024	35	252	151
Nov 2024	35	226	146
Dec 2024	34	135	121
January 2025	34	119	104
Feb 2025	34	107	59
Mar 2025	34	108	101
Apr 2025	35	120	113
May 2025	33	147	123
Jun 2025	33	356	220
July 2025	33	352	245
Aug 2025	32	417	324

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
Sep 2025	34	908	445

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Note: Average time to answer reflects the average length of time it took for calls, texts, or chats to be answered after they were initially routed to crisis contact centers. Data shown include contacts that were routed to local, Spanish language, lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning youth and young adult, and national backup crisis contact centers. For any contacts that were rerouted, such as to the backup crisis contact centers, the average time to answer includes any time spent waiting prior to being rerouted.

According to SAMHSA officials, various factors contributed to the greater variation in average time to answer texts and chats compared to calls, including lower staffing availability for local text and chat services and longer conversation length for texts and chats. For example, SAMHSA officials said that, unlike for calls, some states do not provide local chat and text services 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, leading to increased dependence on national backups when states are not providing local services.

Additionally, SAMHSA officials said that texts and chats have longer average conversation lengths than calls.³¹ Officials said longer conversation lengths generally contribute to longer times to answer because crisis counselors are not available to answer new contacts as frequently, particularly during periods of increased contact volume or lower staffing availability. Officials also noted that some crisis counselors may manage more than one text or chat interaction simultaneously, which can reduce time to answer compared to managing a single text or chat.

Performance for specific 988 Lifeline service types and in specific states varies and differs from the 988 Lifeline overall. For example, in September 2025, call answer rates for individual states ranged from about 57 percent to 100 percent, compared to about 90 percent for the Lifeline overall. For information on volume, answer rates, and average time to answer at the state level, see our interactive graphic at <http://www.gao.gov/products/GAO-26-108114>. Additionally, see appendix III for further information on answer rate and average time to answer by 988 Lifeline service type.

SAMHSA Incorporated Selected Key Practices in Assessing the 988 Lifeline’s Routing and Capacity

We found that, as of September 2025, SAMHSA incorporated selected key performance management practices in its efforts to assess routing and capacity of the 988 Lifeline.³² Specifically, SAMHSA followed these practices by setting a long-term goal and various near-term goals for the 988 Lifeline to plan for performance, collected information related to those goals, and used the information to assess and communicate information about the Lifeline’s performance.

Saving Lives in America: 988 Quality and Services Plan

³¹SAMHSA officials said that text and chat conversations are asynchronous and commonly have longer pauses between responses compared to calls, leading to longer conversation length. As of September 2025, the 988 Lifeline’s overall average conversation length was about 14 minutes for calls, 30 minutes for chats, and 53 minutes for texts.

³²Our prior work identified key practices that can help federal agencies effectively build and use evidence to manage performance. Among those practices, an agency should (1) define long-term goals and measurable near-term goals for its activities; (2) collect information related to its near-term goals; and (3) use the information it collects. See GAO, *Evidence-Based Policymaking: Practices to Help Manage and Assess the Results of Federal Efforts*, [GAO-23-105460](#) (Washington, D.C.: July 12, 2023).

In April 2024, the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) published the *Saving Lives in America: 988 Quality and Services Plan*. The plan outlined a variety of requirements for crisis contact centers and the network administrator, such as for training, referral, follow-up, data collection, communications, and quality assurance.

Source: GAO review of SAMHSA documentation. | GAO-26-108114

Set long-term and near-term goals. Our key performance management practices call for defining goals to plan for performance. SAMHSA set both a long-term goal and near-term goals related to the routing and capacity of the 988 Lifeline. Specifically, SAMHSA specified in its April 2024 *Saving Lives in America: 988 Quality and Services Plan* that its long-term goal for the program was to save lives by serving anyone, at any time, from anywhere across the nation, and in a manner that promotes linkages to ongoing local supports.³³

SAMHSA also set measurable near-term goals related to georouting and answering contacts to support its long-term goal of saving lives, according to officials. For example, officials said one near-term goal was for the network administrator to begin routing calls from nationwide wireless providers to local crisis contact centers using available georouting data by January 2025, which it achieved. SAMHSA officials said they had a similar near-term goal to begin routing texts using available georouting data by April 16, 2027. Another near-term goal was for more than 90 percent of texts and chats that were routed to local crisis contact centers in states to be answered at those crisis contact centers by September 29, 2026. According to network administrator representatives, this goal was intended to promote answer rate improvement among local crisis contact centers, without the expectation that all centers would achieve it.³⁴ As noted, the percentage of texts and chats answered by local crisis contact centers increased from July 2022 through September 2025, as did the number of states that offered local support for text and chat.

Collect information. Our key performance management practices call for collecting information related to goals. In collaboration with SAMHSA, the network administrator collected information on the performance of the more than 200 independent crisis contact centers comprising the 988 Lifeline network as of September 2025. Specifically, to assess network performance, the network administrator's systems continuously collected data on contact volume, answer rates, average time to answer, and georouting implementation, among other information.

Use information. Our key performance management practices call for using the information that was collected, which agencies can do in a variety of ways. SAMHSA used the information that was collected on the 988 Lifeline network's performance to assess and communicate performance information. For example, SAMHSA officials said they routinely reviewed data on the network's performance and discussed those data with network administrator representatives responsible for administering the Lifeline.

Additionally, officials from nine states we interviewed said they discussed network performance data with SAMHSA officials or network administrator representatives, including changes to routing or capacity that could affect crisis contact centers in their state. For example, network administrator representatives used 988 Lifeline data to estimate how contact volume would change in states once the 988 Lifeline began georouting calls. Network administrator representatives subsequently met with officials from states that were expected to

³³U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *Saving Lives in America: 988 Quality and Services Plan* (Rockville, Md.: Apr. 2024).

³⁴This near-term goal was characterized as a key performance indicator for a cooperative agreement awarded to states that had a project period ending September 29, 2026. Network administrator representatives said the goal was set at a level intended to promote improvement, but crisis contact centers would not always be able to meet the goal due to funding or other resource constraints.

experience the largest increases in contact volume to share their estimates and develop plans to accommodate the change, according to SAMHSA documentation.

SAMHSA and the network administrator also routinely published information about the 988 Lifeline network's performance on their websites. SAMHSA published statistics for the overall 988 Lifeline, specialized services, and national backups, including contact volume, answer rate, average time to answer, and average conversation length.³⁵ The network administrator published similar monthly statistics for each state.³⁶

To further facilitate communication of performance information, the network administrator developed dashboards that state officials could access to see performance data for crisis contact centers in their state. Additionally, with funding from SAMHSA, it created a separate dashboard to forecast future call volume and workforce needs for states and their local crisis contact centers to help states and local crisis contact centers plan for staffing needs and improve answer rates. Officials from one of the states we interviewed said the dashboard helped them plan for future growth of the 988 Lifeline's contact volume in their state.

Selected States Reported Staffing and Other Challenges; States, the Network Administrator, and SAMHSA Took Actions to Support Capacity

Selected States Reported Staffing, Funding, and Other 988 Lifeline Challenges

Officials from the 11 selected states in our review told us of challenges they faced related to implementing the 988 Lifeline. Two of the most common challenges reported by state officials related to staffing and funding. Officials from all our selected states said sufficient staffing and funding were key factors in a local crisis contact center's ability to answer 988 Lifeline contacts in a timely manner.

Staffing recruitment and retention. Staffing recruitment and retention for local crisis contact centers was a challenge to supporting capacity, according to officials in five of our selected states. Selected state officials cited various reasons staffing recruitment and retention was a challenge, including the high-stress nature of the work, difficulty offering competitive pay, and around-the-clock hours. For example, officials from one state said retaining staff was difficult because of the emotionally taxing nature of the work and that retaining staff in rural areas was particularly challenging because the salaries the center was able to offer were not competitive. Officials from another state said the combination of high turnover and a lengthy recruitment and training process made staffing a key factor affecting local crisis contact centers' ability to answer 988 Lifeline contacts in a timely manner.

988 Lifeline Crisis Contact Center Funding

The 988 Lifeline is funded through federal, state, and private sources. Federal funding includes cooperative agreements to a network administrator, states, and territories, among other things. States also may appropriate funding to support 988 Lifeline operations or impose or collect telecommunication fees to help support 988 Lifeline operations.

Source: GAO review of Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration documentation. | GAO-26-108114

Funding. Funding for local crisis contact centers was a challenge, according to officials in four of our selected states. Officials from three of the four states indicated that limited funding has prevented or may prevent their

³⁵SAMHSA, *988 Lifeline Performance Metrics*, accessed April 21, 2026.

³⁶SAMHSA and Vibrant Emotional Health, *State-Based Monthly Reports*, accessed April 21, 2026.

local crisis contact centers from hiring more staff to meet rising demand. Additionally, officials from all but one of our 11 selected states noted the importance of federal funding for maintaining or expanding access at the local level. For example, officials from one state said loss of federal funding would result in a significant reduction in 988 Lifeline crisis contact center staffing. Officials from another state said loss of federal funding would require them to reduce their crisis contact center's hours of operation and phase out answering texts and chats.

Network administrator representatives also said states may not have enough funding to fully meet the increasing demand for 988 Lifeline services, even with existing federal funds. Specifically, they said the primary challenge for calls is the availability of funding to expand capacity to meet increasing demand, and the primary challenge for chat and text services is building capacity, particularly at local crisis contact centers within states.³⁷ As noted, call, text, and chat volume generally increased across most states from August 2022 through September 2025. Network administrator representatives further explained that support for text and chat services remains relatively new for the 988 Lifeline, and many local crisis contact centers were still developing support for these services.

Officials in our selected states also reported other challenges related to implementing the 988 Lifeline. Examples include challenges related to coordination with the network administrator and SAMHSA, and abusive callers.

- Coordination with the network administrator—which, in consultation with SAMHSA, administers the 988 Lifeline and helps ensure system capacity—was a challenge, according to officials from five selected states. The most common issue cited by officials in these states was that the network administrator could sometimes be slow to respond to questions, requests, or concerns. For example, officials from one state said they sometimes followed up numerous times over several months to get a response from the network administrator, and that concerns did not always get resolved.
- Coordination with SAMHSA was also a challenge, according to officials from two selected states. For example, officials from both states said changes in SAMHSA's workforce resulted in less frequent meetings with their SAMHSA contacts who provided program oversight and technical assistance. As of March 2026, SAMHSA officials said the agency was fully staffed with government project officers who provide program oversight and technical assistance for the 988 Lifeline state cooperative agreements.
- Abusive contacts—abusive or harassing contacts—was a challenge, according to officials from two selected states. For example, officials from one of the states said a small number of individuals may call the 988 Lifeline hundreds of times per week, often hanging up until they get a specific preferred staff person.

States, the Network Administrator, and SAMHSA Reported Changes to Staffing Processes and Other Actions to Support Capacity

Officials from selected states, SAMHSA, and representatives from the network administrator reported taking actions to better support local capacity to answer 988 Lifeline contacts. Specifically, selected state officials reported taking actions to improve staff recruitment and retention, and to increase funding. Network

³⁷Network administrator representatives said that more staff are required to support chat and text services because chat and text conversations have taken longer than calls. As of September 2025, the 988 Lifeline's overall average conversation length was about 14 minutes for calls, 30 minutes for chats, and 53 minutes for texts.

administrator representatives reported actions they took—in coordination with and funded by SAMHSA—to improve coordination with and support to states and local crisis contact centers. SAMHSA officials reported additional efforts by the network administrator and SAMHSA to improve staffing recruitment and retention.

State Actions

Staffing recruitment and retention. Officials from states we interviewed described taking a variety of actions to improve staffing recruitment and retention for local crisis contact centers. For example:

- Officials from three states said they refined their hiring processes to improve recruitment and retention, such as by giving job candidates a better idea of what the work entails or improving interview practices to help ensure hires are a good fit.
- Officials from four states said they provided staff with increased training or mentoring. Officials from one of the states said they were creating trainings to improve staff retention, including trainings on topics such as self-care, staff resilience, and burnout.
- Officials from three states noted they provided break rooms or made sure staff took sufficient breaks.
- Officials from one state said they raised salaries and offered flexible schedules and telework to better recruit and retain staff.

Addressing funding challenges. To address funding challenges, three states noted charging a 988 telecommunications fee to support 988 Lifeline operations.³⁸ Officials from one state that enacted a fee said their state used the funding to increase local crisis center capacity to answer contacts.

Other actions reported by at least one of our selected states to address funding challenges included using state-appropriated funding to help support their 988 Lifeline operations and hiring volunteers for some crisis center staffing positions.³⁹

Network Administrator and SAMHSA Actions

Network administrator representatives said SAMHSA, in addition to providing funding, consistently provided input that helped the network administrator support states and local crisis contact centers, including strategies to maximize capacity and accommodate increasing contact volume. Additionally, network administrator representatives took a variety of actions to further support local capacity, including actions to improve coordination and communication, access to performance data, and crisis center staffing.

³⁸The National Suicide Hotline Designation Act of 2020 provides for states' authority to impose or collect fees on state residents' phone services to support 988 operations. Pub. L. No. 116-172, § 4, 134 Stat. 832, 832-22 (codified at 47 U.S.C. § 251a). Section 4 states that a state fee shall only be imposed, collected, and used to pay expenses that a state (or other specified parties) is expected to incur that are reasonably attributed to ensuring the efficient and effective routing of calls made to the 988 national suicide prevention and mental health crisis hotline to an appropriate crisis center; and the provision of acute mental health, crisis outreach and stabilization services by directly responding to the 988 hotline.

³⁹According to SAMHSA officials, states that were awarded certain 988 Lifeline cooperative agreements are required to submit plans for maintaining local 988 Lifeline services once federal funding ends. Officials said that as of March 2026, approximately half of states had enacted appropriations or established dedicated funding mechanisms for their local 988 Lifeline services. Officials said SAMHSA plans to issue a notice of funding opportunity for new 988 Lifeline state and territory cooperative agreements in fiscal year 2026.

Coordination and communication. Network administrator representatives have assigned a single point of contact to states and local crisis contact centers to streamline coordination and communication, beginning in 2022. Representatives said this contact coordinates with other network administrator staff to address questions or concerns from states or local crisis contact centers.

Officials we interviewed in three states said the single point of contact simplified or streamlined communication. Officials from one state said the change generally improved responsiveness but that responses could still be slow at times. Officials from another state said the effectiveness varied depending on the individual who was the point of contact.

Access to performance data. Network administrator representatives provided access for states and crisis contact centers to a centralized data portal with interactive data dashboards of capacity performance data, beginning in 2023. The dashboards aimed to facilitate communication and data exchange, according to network administrator representatives. They provided states and crisis contact centers access to near real-time customizable reports with performance-related metrics, such as contact volume, answer rates, average time to answer, and other statistics.

Officials in two of our selected states said access to real-time data was a substantial improvement compared to the monthly data reports previously provided by the network administrator. Officials from one of the states added that the data improved their state's visibility into the ongoing performance of its crisis contact centers.

Crisis center staffing. In December 2023, network administrator representatives launched a workforce management dashboard within the portal that crisis contact centers could use to aid workforce planning and help ensure that resources matched anticipated call volume. Crisis contact centers are to submit crisis counselor staffing information into the portal every two weeks, to be compared to forecasted call volume generally updated daily, according to network administrator representatives.⁴⁰

Officials from one selected state in our review said they used the dashboard to predict when the 988 Lifeline will experience higher volume so their local crisis contact centers could schedule more staff during those times.

According to SAMHSA officials, the network administrator also provides crisis contact centers with resources to help recruit and retain staff. For example, officials said the network administrator provides sample job descriptions and best practices for recruiting volunteer counselors. In addition, while SAMHSA is not responsible for recruiting and retaining local crisis contact centers' staff, SAMHSA officials reported that the agency engaged in efforts to improve staffing recruitment and retention. For example, SAMHSA officials reported offering a webinar series with evidence-based strategies and practical tools to help crisis contact center staff build resilience, manage stress, and prevent burnout.

⁴⁰Network administrator representatives said they planned to add support for chat and text forecasting to the dashboard in the future.

Agency Comments

We provided a draft of this report to the Department of Health and Human Services and the Federal Communications Commission for review and comment. Both agencies provided technical comments, which we incorporated as appropriate.

We are sending copies of this report to the appropriate congressional committees, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Chair of FCC, and other interested parties. In addition, the report is available at no charge on the GAO website at <https://www.gao.gov>.

If you or your staff have any questions about this report, please contact me at HundrupA@gao.gov. Contact points for our Offices of Congressional Relations and Media Relations may be found on the last page of this report. GAO staff who made key contributions to this report are listed in appendix IV.

//SIGNED//

Alyssa M. Hundrup
Director, Health Care

Appendix I: 988 Lifeline Data Methodology

This appendix provides further details about the 988 Suicide & Crisis Lifeline (988 Lifeline) data we used to address our second reporting objective, to describe how capacity of the 988 Lifeline was measured and what those measures showed.

For this objective, we reviewed aggregated monthly 988 Lifeline performance data provided by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) for July 2022 through September 2025, including contact volume, answer rates, and average time to answer.¹ We did not review data for individual 988 Lifeline contacts. We reviewed aggregated monthly data for the following 988 Lifeline service types: 1) local, 2) lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning (LGBTQ+) youth and young adult, 3) Spanish language, and 4) national backup. We also reviewed aggregated monthly data for the 988 Lifeline overall, which includes contacts (i.e., calls, texts, and chats) across the four previously mentioned service types.² Additionally, we reviewed aggregated monthly performance data for the 988 Lifeline's videophone service for people who are deaf or hard of hearing.³

For the data we reviewed, contact volume reflected the number of contacts that were routed to crisis contact centers after the individual selected a service. Answer rate reflected the percentage of contacts that were routed to crisis contact centers and were answered by crisis counselors as calculated by SAMHSA for each service type. Average time to answer reflected the average length of time it took for contacts to be answered after they were routed to crisis contact centers.

To assess the reliability of those data, we reviewed related documentation, interviewed officials from SAMHSA and representatives from the 988 Lifeline network administrator about the data, conducted checks for missing or erroneous data, and compared the data against published totals. Based on these activities, we determined that the data were sufficiently reliable for the purposes of describing SAMHSA's capacity measures for the 988 Lifeline.

The data we reviewed were provided to us by SAMHSA and, according to SAMHSA officials, collected by the network administrator.⁴ Other sources of 988 Lifeline performance data—such as data collected by states from their local crisis contact centers—could generate different estimates. According to SAMHSA officials and network administrator documentation, the network administrator, local crisis contact centers, and states have different systems that may be configured differently or use different definitions for reporting, resulting in differences between routed contact volume, answer rates, or other statistics. Additionally, officials from seven states we interviewed said there are differences between state and network administrator data.

¹Average time to answer is also referred to as "average speed to answer" or "average wait time."

²The data we reviewed did not include data for the Native and Strong Lifeline, which is a 988 Lifeline service available to all Indigenous people in Washington state.

³Videophone data are presented separately from call, text, and chat data for consistency with how SAMHSA and the network administrator publicly report 988 Lifeline performance data.

⁴According to SAMHSA officials, data for videophone calls were collected by a vendor for the network administrator.

Officials from six of the 11 states we interviewed and network administrator representatives said they have been working to minimize differences between state and network administrator data. For example, network administrator representatives said they work with local crisis contact centers to identify reasons for differences in data when the differences exceed certain thresholds. However, network administrator representatives said they did not change how they publicly reported statistics because they wanted to maintain consistency.

There were several limitations to the 988 Lifeline performance data we reviewed.

1. Records with unknown outcomes. A small number of records from July 2022 through September 2025 did not have an outcome recorded—that is, it was unknown whether the call, text, or chat was answered or abandoned. According to agency officials, this could occur due to rare errors in automated recording or transmitting of data between different systems. Based on the data SAMHSA provided, we found 1,654 out of 19,097,000 (about 0.009 percent) of total routed contacts between July 2022 and September 2025 had unknown outcomes.
2. Outliers in average time to answer. The aggregated monthly data SAMHSA provided included the average time to answer contacts. According to SAMHSA officials, the records that were used to compute the average time to answer included those with unusually long times to answer. For example, between July 2022 and May 2025, SAMHSA officials said the records for 1 out of every 100,000 contacts had an average time to answer that exceeded four hours. Officials told us these outliers occasionally occurred due to issues with the telecommunications provider. Officials further said SAMHSA routinely retains those outliers when analyzing and reporting 988 Lifeline performance data.
3. Inclusion of testing and training data. According to SAMHSA officials, the records that were used to compute the aggregated monthly data SAMHSA provided included calls, texts, and chats that were used for testing and training purposes. Officials said the 988 Lifeline's system did not indicate which calls, texts, and chats were for testing or training and hence could not exclude them from the data. SAMHSA officials said they expected a maximum of 1 percent of contact volume to be due to testing on days when system changes were implemented. Additionally, officials estimated that 10 to 15 texts and chats per month were due to training.⁵

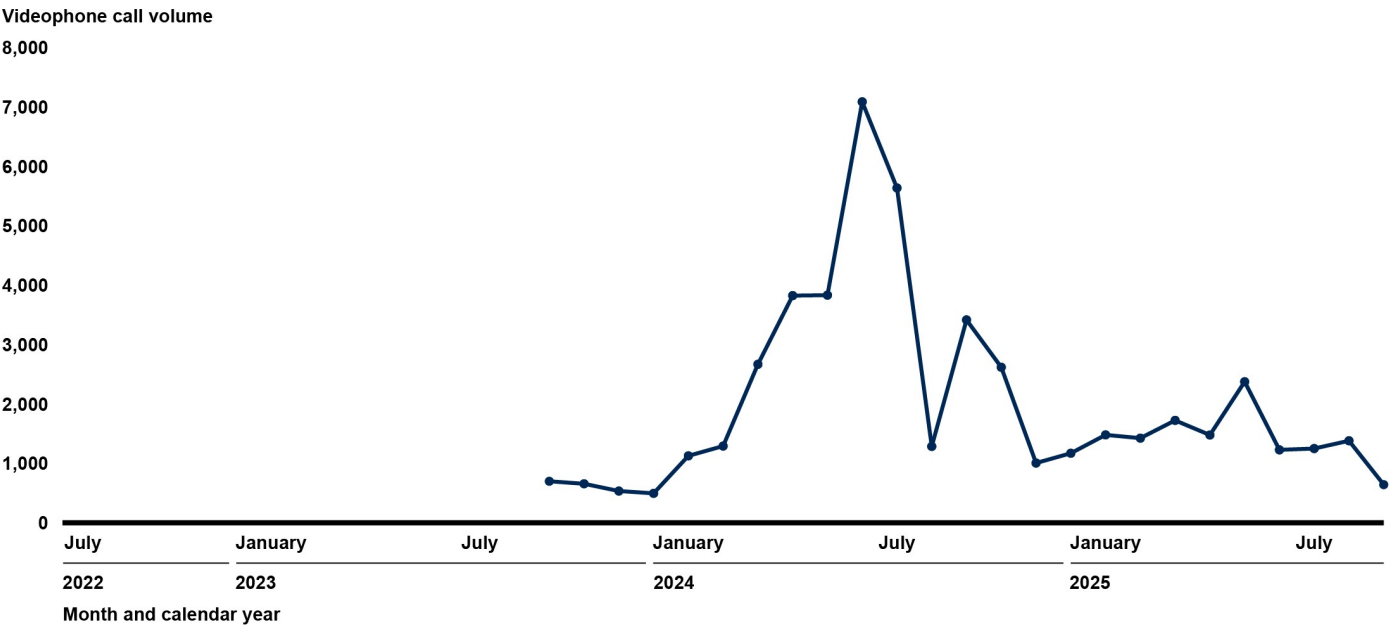
⁵Officials said training calls went directly to crisis contact centers without going through the 988 Lifeline's system, so they were not counted as part of the 988 Lifeline's contact volume.

Appendix II: Contact Volume, Answer Rates, and Average Time to Answer for the 988 Lifeline’s Videophone Service

This appendix details monthly contact volume, answer rates, and average time to answer for the 988 Suicide & Crisis Lifeline’s (988 Lifeline) videophone service for people who are deaf or hard of hearing from September 2023—when videophone services began—through September 2025.¹

Contact volume. From September 2023 to September 2025, the volume of videophone calls to the 988 Lifeline generally fluctuated over time. Specifically, the volume of monthly videophone calls to the 988 Lifeline ranged from 496 to 7,086 (see fig. 11). According to SAMHSA officials, individuals with high utilization patterns contributed to the observed increase in volume from January 2024 through July 2024, as well as in September 2024 and October 2024.

Figure 11: Videophone Call Volume for the 988 Lifeline, July 2022 through September 2025



Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

¹Individuals who are deaf and hard of hearing who had a videophone number could contact the 988 Lifeline through their videophone number. Network administrator representatives said videophone calls to the 988 Lifeline were automatically routed to the videophone service. The 988 Lifeline also supported teletypewriter (TTY) relay services. Videophone data are presented separately from call, text, and chat data for consistency with how SAMHSA and the network administrator publicly report 988 Lifeline performance data.

Appendix II: Contact Volume, Answer Rates, and Average Time to Answer for the 988 Lifeline's Videophone Service

Accessible Data for Figure 11: Videophone Call Volume for the 988 Lifeline, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Videophone
July 2022	699
Aug 2022	699
Sep 2022	699
Oct 2022	699
Nov 2022	699
Dec 2022	699
January 2023	699
Feb 2023	699
Mar 2023	699
Apr 2023	699
May 2023	699
Jun 2023	699
July 2023	699
Aug 2023	699
Sep 2023	699
Oct 2023	657
Nov 2023	535
Dec 2023	496
January 2024	1127
Feb 2024	1292
Mar 2024	2668
Apr 2024	3824
May 2024	3832
Jun 2024	7086
July 2024	5636
Aug 2024	1286
Sep 2024	3415
Oct 2024	2618
Nov 2024	1006
Dec 2024	1171
January 2025	1480
Feb 2025	1425
Mar 2025	1724
Apr 2025	1478
May 2025	2375
Jun 2025	1228
July 2025	1250
Aug 2025	1381
Sep 2025	642

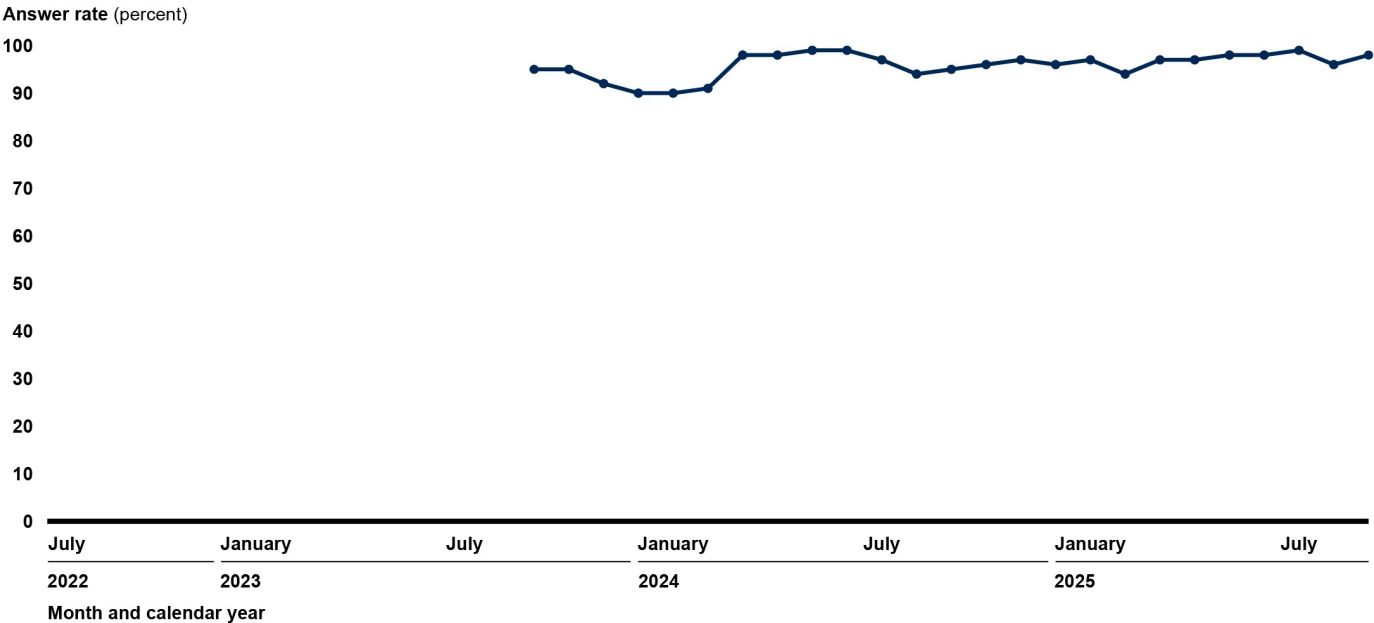
Appendix II: Contact Volume, Answer Rates, and Average Time to Answer for the 988 Lifeline’s Videophone Service

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Notes: The 988 number went into effect for the Lifeline in July 2022. The 988 Lifeline began supporting videophone calls in September 2023.

Answer rate. From September 2023 to September 2025, the answer rate for videophone calls to the 988 Lifeline increased by about 3 percentage points (about 95 percent to about 98 percent). Over this period, the monthly answer rate for videophone calls ranged from about 90 percent to about 99 percent (see fig. 12).

Figure 12: Answer Rates for the 988 Lifeline’s Videophone Service, July 2022 through September 2025



Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Appendix II: Contact Volume, Answer Rates, and Average Time to Answer for the 988 Lifeline's Videophone Service

Accessible Data for Figure 12: Answer Rates for the 988 Lifeline's Videophone Service, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Call
July 2022	0.95
Aug 2022	0.95
Sep 2022	0.95
Oct 2022	0.95
Nov 2022	0.95
Dec 2022	0.95
January 2023	0.95
Feb 2023	0.95
Mar 2023	0.95
Apr 2023	0.95
May 2023	0.95
Jun 2023	0.95
July 2023	0.95
Aug 2023	0.95
Sep 2023	0.95
Oct 2023	0.95
Nov 2023	0.92
Dec 2023	0.9
January 2024	0.9
Feb 2024	0.91
Mar 2024	0.98
Apr 2024	0.98
May 2024	0.99
Jun 2024	0.99
July 2024	0.97
Aug 2024	0.94
Sep 2024	0.95
Oct 2024	0.96
Nov 2024	0.97
Dec 2024	0.96
January 2025	0.97
Feb 2025	0.94
Mar 2025	0.97
Apr 2025	0.97
May 2025	0.98
Jun 2025	0.98
July 2025	0.99
Aug 2025	0.96
Sep 2025	0.98

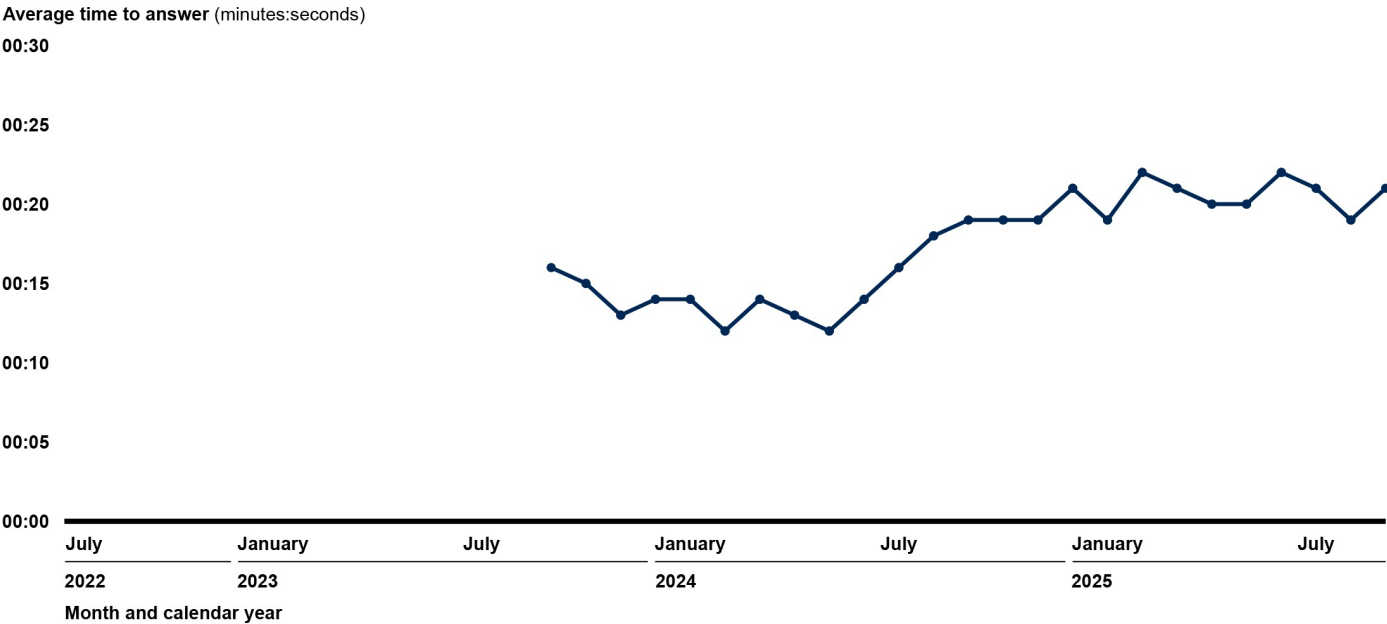
Appendix II: Contact Volume, Answer Rates, and Average Time to Answer for the 988 Lifeline's Videophone Service

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Notes: Answer rate reflects the percentage of videophone calls that were answered by a crisis counselor. Videophone calls that were not answered were abandoned. The 988 number went into effect for the Lifeline in July 2022. The 988 Lifeline began supporting videophone calls in September 2023.

Average time to answer. From September 2023 to September 2025, the average time to answer videophone calls to the 988 Lifeline generally increased. Specifically, the average time to answer increased from 16 seconds in September 2023 to 21 seconds in September 2025. Over this period, the monthly average time to answer videophone calls ranged from 12 seconds to 22 seconds (see fig. 13).

Figure 13: Average Time to Answer for the 988 Lifeline's Videophone Service, July 2022 through September 2025



Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Appendix II: Contact Volume, Answer Rates, and Average Time to Answer for the 988 Lifeline's Videophone Service

Accessible Data for Figure 13: Average Time to Answer for the 988 Lifeline's Videophone Service, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Call
July 2022	16
Aug 2022	16
Sep 2022	16
Oct 2022	16
Nov 2022	16
Dec 2022	16
January 2023	16
Feb 2023	16
Mar 2023	16
Apr 2023	16
May 2023	16
Jun 2023	16
July 2023	16
Aug 2023	16
Sep 2023	16
Oct 2023	15
Nov 2023	13
Dec 2023	14
January 2024	14
Feb 2024	12
Mar 2024	14
Apr 2024	13
May 2024	12
Jun 2024	14
July 2024	16
Aug 2024	18
Sep 2024	19
Oct 2024	19
Nov 2024	19
Dec 2024	21
January 2025	19
Feb 2025	22
Mar 2025	21
Apr 2025	20
May 2025	20
Jun 2025	22
July 2025	21
Aug 2025	19

Appendix II: Contact Volume, Answer Rates, and Average Time to Answer for the 988 Lifeline’s Videophone Service

Month and calendar year	Call
Sep 2025	21

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Notes: Average time to answer reflects the average length of time it took for videophone calls to be answered. The 988 number went into effect for the Lifeline in July 2022. The 988 Lifeline began supporting videophone calls in September 2023.

Appendix III: Additional Information on Capacity Measures by 988 Lifeline Service Type

This appendix details monthly contact volume, answer rates, and average times to answer, for calls, texts, and chats to the 988 Suicide & Crisis Lifeline (988 Lifeline) from July 2022 to September 2025. Data are presented separately for services provided by the 988 Lifeline’s 1) local, 2) lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning (LGBTQ+) youth and young adult, 3) Spanish language, and 4) national backup crisis contact centers.

Local Services

Local services are calls, texts, and chats to the 988 Lifeline that were routed to local crisis contact centers in states.¹ As of September 2025, not all states provided local call, text, or chat services through their local crisis contact centers.² However, the number of states providing local call services increased from 53 in July 2022 to 55 in September 2025, and the number of states providing local chat and text services increased from 18 in July 2022 to 44 in September 2025. For more information on local services by state, including monthly contact volume, answer rates, and average time to answer, see our interactive graphic at <http://www.gao.gov/products/GAO-26-108114>.

Contact volume. From August 2022—the first full month of service after the “988” number for the Lifeline went into effect—to September 2025, the volume of calls, texts, and chats increased for most states. Specifically, call volume increased in 53 states, and text and chat volume increased in 45 states. In September 2025, contacts answered at local crisis contact centers made up about 70 percent of all contacts to the 988 Lifeline.

Answer rates. In September 2025, one state did not provide call services at local crisis contact centers, and 12 states did not provide text and chat services at local crisis contact centers.³ Among the states that answered calls in September 2025, the answer rates ranged from about 57 percent to 100 percent and the median answer rate was about 88 percent. Among the states that answered texts and chats in September 2025, the answer rates for both texts and chats ranged from about 6 percent to about 95 percent. Additionally, the median answer rate for texts was about 60 percent and the median answer rate for chats was about 55 percent.

Average time to answer. Among the states that answered calls in September 2025, the average time to answer ranged from 1 second to 59 seconds and the median average time to answer calls was 22 seconds. Among the states that answered texts and chats in September 2025, the average time to answer texts ranged

¹For reporting purposes, we use the term “states” to refer to states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. territories.

²According to SAMHSA officials and network administrator representatives, contacts were routed to the 988 Lifeline’s national backup network of crisis contact centers if services were unavailable at local crisis contact centers.

³In September 2025, the U.S. Virgin Islands did not provide local services for 988 Lifeline calls, texts, or chats. Additionally, the following states did not provide local services for texts and chats in September 2025: Alabama, American Samoa, Arizona, Florida, Guam, Massachusetts, Maine, Michigan, the Northern Mariana Islands, Montana, and Puerto Rico.

from 8 seconds to more than 5 minutes and the average time to answer chats ranged from 8 seconds to more than 13 minutes. The median average time to answer was 28 seconds for texts and 28.5 seconds for chats.

LGBTQ+ Youth and Young Adult Service

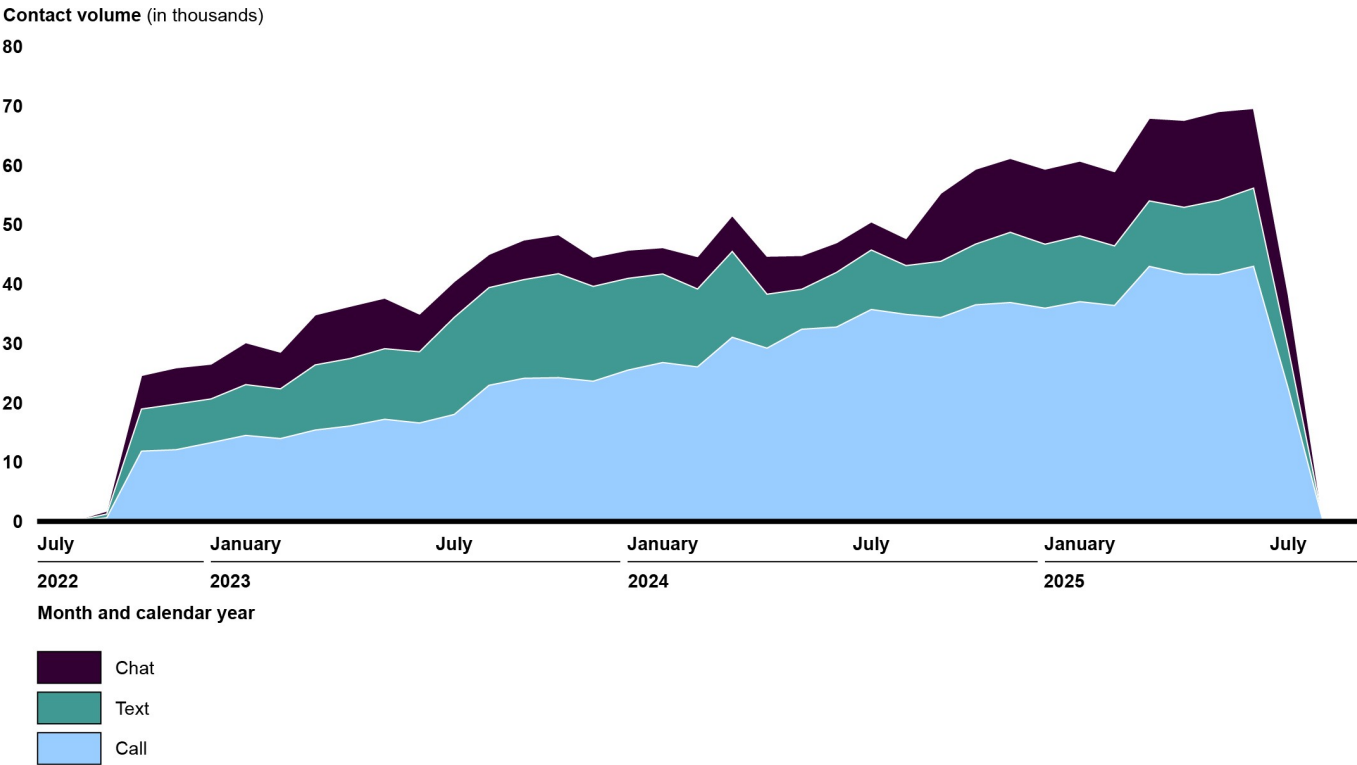
The 988 Lifeline's specialized service for LGBTQ+ youth and young adults started in September 2022 and was discontinued on July 17, 2025.⁴ The service provided specialized call, text, and chat services to LGBTQ+ youth and young adults.⁵

Contact volume. From September 2022 to July 2025, call, text, and chat volume generally increased for the LGBTQ+ youth and young adult service. Specifically, from September 2022 to June 2025 (the last full month the service was provided), the volume of calls increased from 614 to 42,977, the volume of texts increased from 625 to 13,167, and the volume of chats increased from 513 chats to 13,427 (see fig. 14). In June 2025, contacts answered at LGBTQ+ youth and young adult crisis contact centers made up about 8 percent of all contacts to the 988 Lifeline.

⁴According to SAMHSA, the LGBTQ+ youth and young adult service line was discontinued because the federal funding provided for the service was fully expended. In reports referenced by the Explanatory Statement accompanying the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2026, funding was restored and SAMHSA was directed to use the funding to provide specialized services for LGBTQ+ youth. As of March 2026, SAMHSA officials said they were actively working through the requirements of the appropriation. See Explanatory Statement accompanying Pub. L. No. 119-75, 140 Stat. 173 (2026), referencing S. Rpt. 119-55 at 175 (July 31, 2025) and S. Rpt. 118-84 at 140 (July 27, 2023).

⁵Contacts that were routed to the LGBTQ+ youth and young adult service were answered by crisis counselors trained to support the needs of LGBTQ+ youth and young adults.

Figure 14: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline’s LGBTQ+ Youth and Young Adult Service, July 2022 through September 2025



LGBTQ+ = lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Accessible Data for Figure 14: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline’s LGBTQ+ Youth and Young Adult Service, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
July 2022	0	0	0
Aug 2022	0	0	0
Sep 2022	614	625	513
Oct 2022	11838	7098	5662
Nov 2022	12087	7683	6125
Dec 2022	13267	7370	5869
January 2023	14491	8557	7080
Feb 2023	13962	8375	6189
Mar 2023	15395	10974	8440
Apr 2023	16083	11352	8813
May 2023	17208	11892	8533
Jun 2023	16583	11993	6369
July 2023	18020	16346	6057
Aug 2023	22929	16456	5615
Sep 2023	24111	16618	6685
Oct 2023	24223	17507	6587
Nov 2023	23622	15971	4928
Dec 2023	25491	15454	4758
January 2024	26766	14915	4449
Feb 2024	26031	13122	5470
Mar 2024	31023	14450	6062
Apr 2024	29189	9085	6415
May 2024	32377	6732	5695
Jun 2024	32745	9202	5010
July 2024	35703	10017	4755
Aug 2024	34877	8217	4575
Sep 2024	34350	9461	11473
Oct 2024	36488	10225	12628
Nov 2024	36872	11827	12466
Dec 2024	35920	10777	12653
January 2025	37020	11085	12606
Feb 2025	36373	10036	12515
Mar 2025	42960	11031	13942
Apr 2025	41662	11248	14661
May 2025	41588	12506	14963
Jun 2025	42977	13167	13427
July 2025	22366	6694	9132
Aug 2025	0	0	0

Appendix III: Additional Information on Capacity Measures by 988 Lifeline Service Type

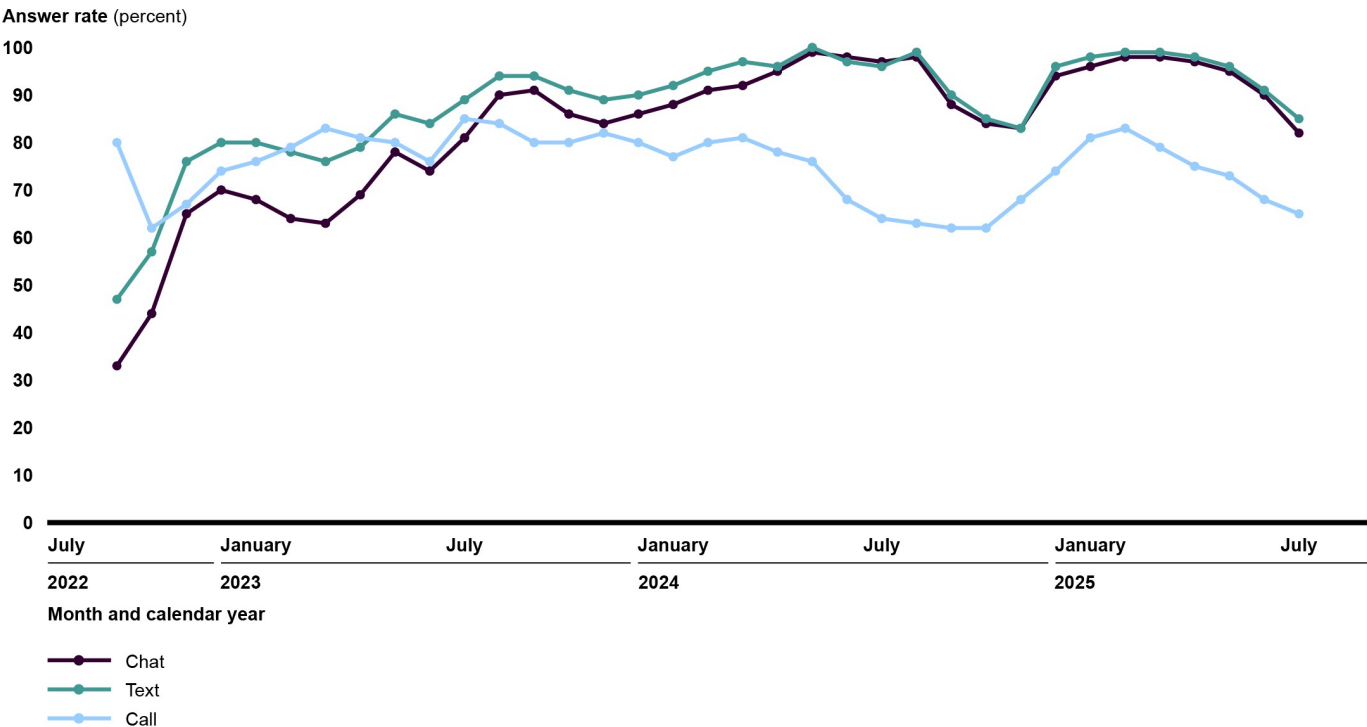
Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
Sep 2025	0	0	0

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Notes: Contact volume reflects the number of calls, texts, and chats that were routed to crisis contact centers after individuals selected a service. The 988 number went into effect for the Lifeline in July 2022. Service for the LGBTQ+ youth and young adult service began in September 2022 and was discontinued on July 17, 2025. According to SAMHSA, the LGBTQ+ youth and young adult service line was discontinued because the federal funding provided for the service was fully expended. In reports referenced by the Explanatory Statement accompanying the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2026, funding was restored and SAMHSA was directed to use the funding to provide specialized services for LGBTQ+ youth. As of March 2026, SAMHSA officials said they were actively working through the requirements of the appropriation. See Explanatory Statement accompanying Pub. L. No. 119-75, 140 Stat. 173 (2026), referencing S. Rpt. 119-55 at 175 (July 31, 2025) and S. Rpt. 118-84 at 140 (July 27, 2023).

Answer rates. From September 2022 to July 2025, answer rates for LGBTQ+ youth and young adult varied across calls, texts, and chats. During this period, answer rates for calls ranged from about 62 percent to about 85 percent, answer rates for texts ranged from about 47 percent to about 100 percent, and answer rates for chats ranged from about 33 percent to about 99 percent (see fig. 15).⁶

Figure 15: Answer Rates by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline’s LGBTQ+ Youth and Young Adult Service, July 2022 through September 2025



LGBTQ+ = lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

⁶According to SAMHSA officials, increased call volume contributed to the decrease in answer rate for calls from May 2024 through December 2024 and from April 2025 through July 2025. Additionally, SAMHSA officials said that the decrease in answer rate for texts and chats from September 2024 through November 2024, as well as for June and July 2025, was primarily due to implementation of a system improvement that shortened the pre-chat survey and consequently increased the volume of individuals who stayed connected and were routed to crisis contact centers. SAMHSA officials said this increase in volume temporarily contributed to an increase in the average time it took to be answered by crisis counselors who supported both text and chat. In turn, the increase in the time it took to be answered may have contributed to more texts and chats being abandoned and hence decreased answer rates for those months.

Accessible Data for Figure 15: Answer Rates by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline’s LGBTQ+ Youth and Young Adult Service, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
July 2022	0.8	0.47	0.33
Aug 2022	0.8	0.47	0.33
Sep 2022	0.8	0.47	0.33
Oct 2022	0.62	0.57	0.44
Nov 2022	0.67	0.76	0.65
Dec 2022	0.74	0.8	0.7
January 2023	0.76	0.8	0.68
Feb 2023	0.79	0.78	0.64
Mar 2023	0.83	0.76	0.63
Apr 2023	0.81	0.79	0.69
May 2023	0.8	0.86	0.78
Jun 2023	0.76	0.84	0.74
July 2023	0.85	0.89	0.81
Aug 2023	0.84	0.94	0.9
Sep 2023	0.8	0.94	0.91
Oct 2023	0.8	0.91	0.86
Nov 2023	0.82	0.89	0.84
Dec 2023	0.8	0.9	0.86
January 2024	0.77	0.92	0.88
Feb 2024	0.8	0.95	0.91
Mar 2024	0.81	0.97	0.92
Apr 2024	0.78	0.96	0.95
May 2024	0.76	1	0.99
Jun 2024	0.68	0.97	0.98
July 2024	0.64	0.96	0.97
Aug 2024	0.63	0.99	0.98
Sep 2024	0.62	0.9	0.88
Oct 2024	0.62	0.85	0.84
Nov 2024	0.68	0.83	0.83
Dec 2024	0.74	0.96	0.94
January 2025	0.81	0.98	0.96
Feb 2025	0.83	0.99	0.98
Mar 2025	0.79	0.99	0.98
Apr 2025	0.75	0.98	0.97
May 2025	0.73	0.96	0.95
Jun 2025	0.68	0.91	0.9
July 2025	0.65	0.85	0.82
Aug 2025	0.65	0.85	0.82

Appendix III: Additional Information on Capacity Measures by 988 Lifeline Service Type

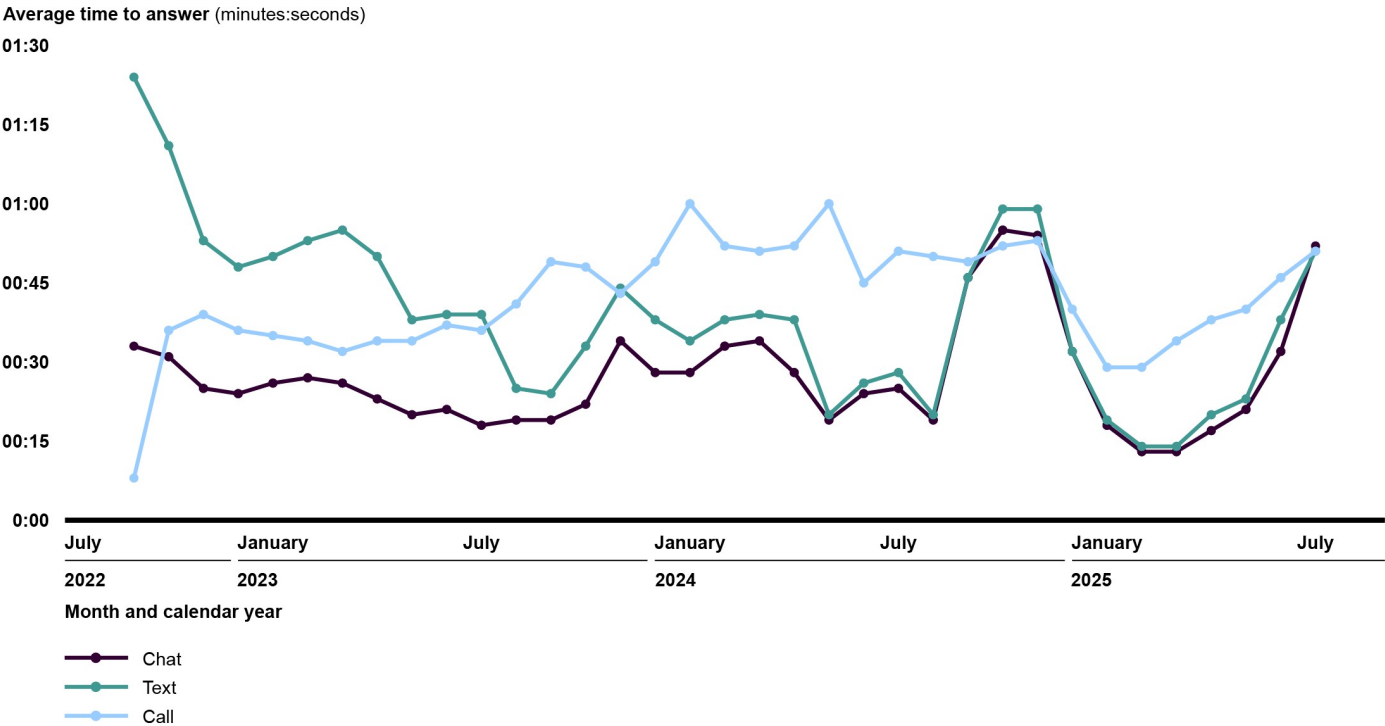
Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
Sep 2025	0.65	0.85	0.82

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Notes: Answer rate reflects the percentage of calls, texts, and chats routed to crisis contact centers that were answered by crisis counselors. According to SAMHSA officials, contacts to the LGBTQ+ youth and young adult service were rerouted to either the national backup service (for calls) or local services (for texts and chats) if they were not answered within a certain amount of time. SAMHSA officials said that the maximum wait time before being rerouted varied over time for calls (ranging from 6 to 8 minutes). The maximum wait time before being rerouted was 5 minutes for texts and chats, according to SAMHSA officials. The 988 number went into effect for the Lifeline in July 2022. The LGBTQ+ youth and young adult service began in September 2022 and was discontinued on July 17, 2025. According to SAMHSA, the LGBTQ+ youth and young adult service line was discontinued because the federal funding provided for the service was fully expended. In reports referenced by the Explanatory Statement accompanying the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2026, funding was restored and SAMHSA was directed to use the funding to provide specialized services for LGBTQ+ youth. As of March 2026, SAMHSA officials said they were actively working through the requirements of the appropriation. See Explanatory Statement accompanying Pub. L. No. 119-75, 140 Stat. 173 (2026), referencing S. Rpt. 119-55 at 175 (July 31, 2025) and S. Rpt. 118-84 at 140 (July 27, 2023).

Average time to answer. From September 2022 to July 2025, the average time to answer calls, texts, and chats for the LGBTQ+ youth and young adult service varied. During this period, the average time to answer calls ranged from 8 seconds to 1 minute, average time to answer texts ranged from 14 seconds to 1 minute 24 seconds, and average time to answer chats ranged from 13 to 55 seconds (see fig. 16).⁷

Figure 16: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline LGBTQ+ Youth and Young Adult Service, July 2022 through September 2025



Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

⁷According to SAMHSA officials, the increase in average time to answer for texts and chats from September 2024 through November 2024, as well as for June and July 2025, was primarily due to implementation of a system improvement that shortened the pre-chat survey and consequently increased the volume of individuals who stayed connected and were routed to crisis contact centers. SAMHSA officials said this increase in volume temporarily contributed to an increase in the average time it took to be answered by crisis counselors who supported both text and chat.

Accessible Data for Figure 16: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline LGBTQ+ Youth and Young Adult Service, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
July 2022	0	0	0
Aug 2022	0	0	0
Sep 2022	8	84	33
Oct 2022	36	71	31
Nov 2022	39	53	25
Dec 2022	36	48	24
January 2023	35	50	26
Feb 2023	34	53	27
Mar 2023	32	55	26
Apr 2023	34	50	23
May 2023	34	38	20
Jun 2023	37	39	21
July 2023	36	39	18
Aug 2023	41	25	19
Sep 2023	49	24	19
Oct 2023	48	33	22
Nov 2023	43	44	34
Dec 2023	49	38	28
January 2024	60	34	28
Feb 2024	52	38	33
Mar 2024	51	39	34
Apr 2024	52	38	28
May 2024	60	20	19
Jun 2024	45	26	24
July 2024	51	28	25
Aug 2024	50	20	19
Sep 2024	49	46	46
Oct 2024	52	59	55
Nov 2024	53	59	54
Dec 2024	40	32	32
January 2025	29	19	18
Feb 2025	29	14	13
Mar 2025	34	14	13
Apr 2025	38	20	17
May 2025	40	23	21
Jun 2025	46	38	32
July 2025	51	51	52
Aug 2025	0	0	0

Appendix III: Additional Information on Capacity Measures by 988 Lifeline Service Type

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
Sep 2025	0	0	0

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

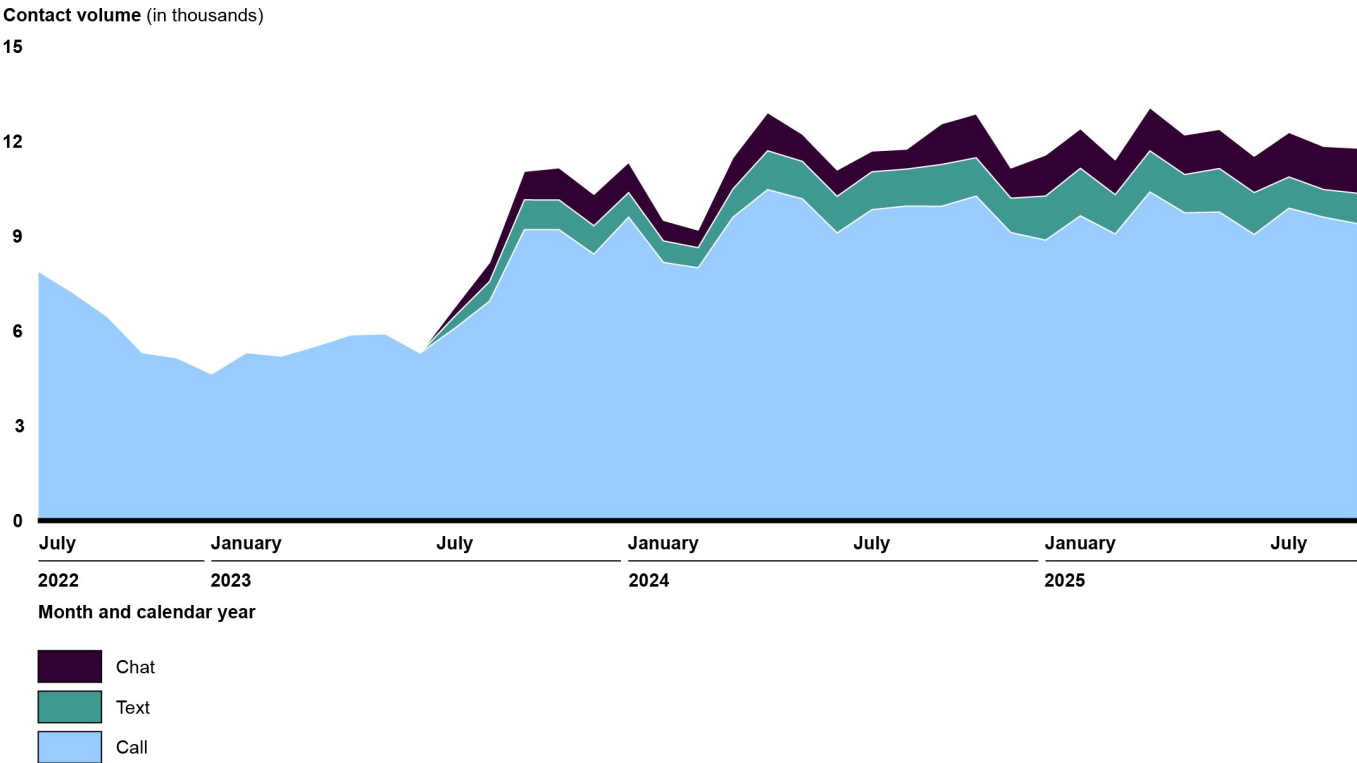
Notes: Average time to answer reflects the average length of time it took for calls, texts, or chats to be answered after they were routed to crisis contact centers. The 988 number went into effect for the Lifeline in July 2022. The LGBTQ+ youth and young adult service began in September 2022 and was discontinued on July 17, 2025. According to SAMHSA, the LGBTQ+ youth and young adult service line was discontinued because the federal funding provided for the service was fully expended. In reports referenced by the Explanatory Statement accompanying the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2026, funding was restored and SAMHSA was directed to use the funding to provide specialized services for LGBTQ+ youth. As of March 2026, SAMHSA officials said they were actively working through the requirements of the appropriation. See Explanatory Statement accompanying Pub. L. No. 119-75, 140 Stat. 173 (2026), referencing S. Rpt. 119-55 at 175 (July 31, 2025) and S. Rpt. 118-84 at 140 (July 27, 2023).

Spanish Language Service

The 988 Lifeline’s Spanish language service provides call, text, and chat services in Spanish to Spanish-speaking individuals. The 988 Lifeline began supporting Spanish language texts and chats in July 2023.

Contact volume. From July 2022 to September 2025, contact volume for the Spanish language service generally increased across all contact types. During this period, contact volume for Spanish language calls increased by about 19 percent (from 7,899 to 9,388). Additionally, contact volume for texts increased by about 152 percent (from 383 to 965) and contact volume for chats increased by about 399 percent (from 287 to 1,431) from July 2023—the first month Spanish text and chat services were available—to September 2025 (see fig. 17). In September 2025, contacts answered by the Spanish language service accounted for about 1 percent of all contacts to the 988 Lifeline.

Figure 17: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Spanish Language Service, July 2022 through September 2025



Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Accessible Data for Figure 17: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Spanish Language Service, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
July 2022	7899	0	0
Aug 2022	7223	0	0
Sep 2022	6458	0	0
Oct 2022	5316	0	0
Nov 2022	5150	0	0
Dec 2022	4642	0	0
January 2023	5317	0	0
Feb 2023	5202	0	0
Mar 2023	5522	0	0
Apr 2023	5877	0	0
May 2023	5907	0	0
Jun 2023	5303	0	0
July 2023	6087	383	287
Aug 2023	6945	624	603
Sep 2023	9202	945	904

Appendix III: Additional Information on Capacity Measures by 988 Lifeline Service Type

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
Oct 2023	9202	941	1019
Nov 2023	8431	897	996
Dec 2023	9599	778	958
January 2024	8168	681	653
Feb 2024	7998	637	559
Mar 2024	9595	894	993
Apr 2024	10470	1230	1210
May 2024	10179	1185	863
Jun 2024	9100	1159	836
July 2024	9837	1198	658
Aug 2024	9950	1171	631
Sep 2024	9944	1322	1288
Oct 2024	10265	1214	1389
Nov 2024	9112	1090	955
Dec 2024	8873	1395	1300
January 2025	9642	1503	1256
Feb 2025	9067	1244	1105
Mar 2025	10397	1299	1370
Apr 2025	9738	1209	1255
May 2025	9762	1376	1240
Jun 2025	9051	1326	1151
July 2025	9884	987	1412
Aug 2025	9598	875	1366
Sep 2025	9388	965	1431

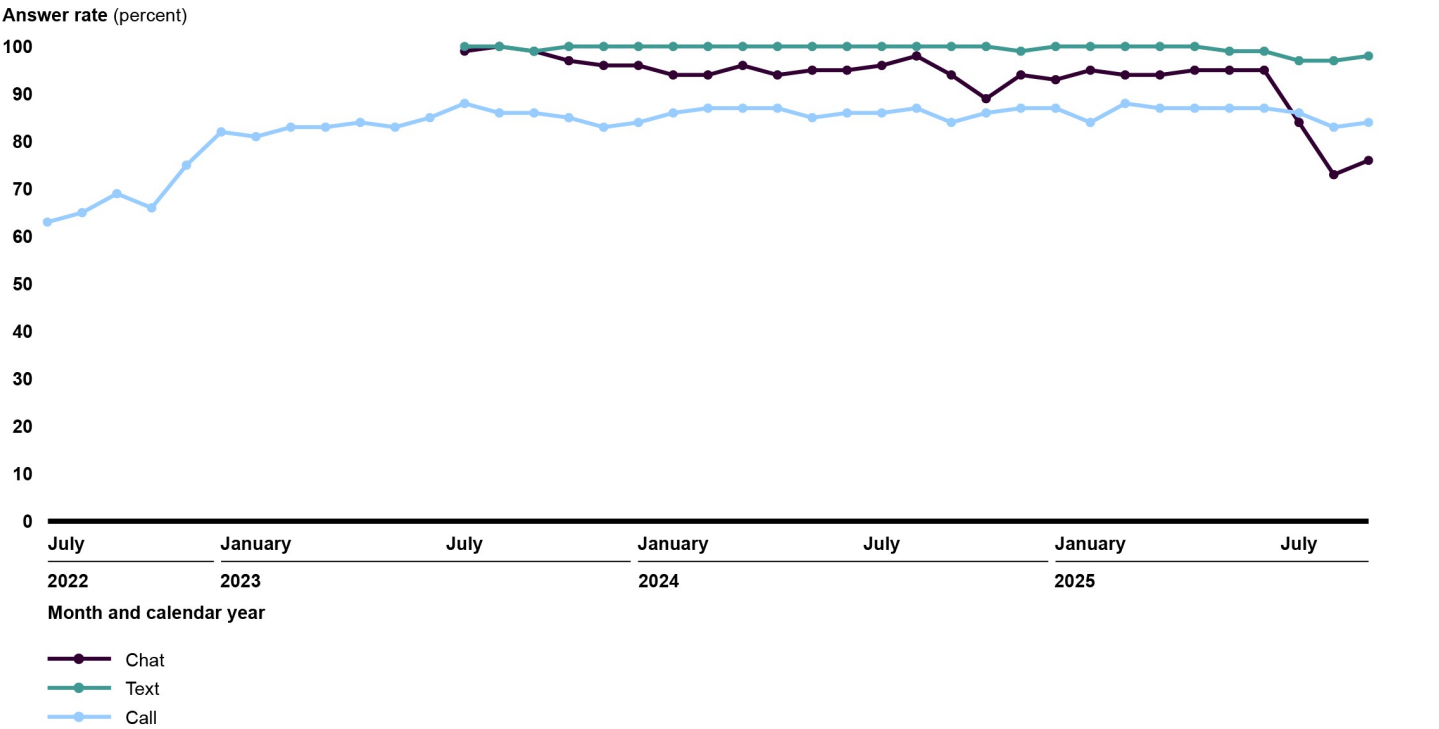
Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Notes: Contact volume reflects the number of calls, texts, and chats that were routed to crisis contact centers after individuals selected a service. The Spanish language service began supporting texts and chats in July 2023.

Answer rates. From July 2022 to September 2025, answer rates for the 988 Lifeline’s Spanish language service varied across calls, texts, and chats. During this period, answer rates for calls increased from about 63 percent in July 2022 to about 84 percent in September 2025. Answer rates for texts stayed relatively consistent over time, with answer rates ranging from about 97 percent to 100 percent. Answer rates for chats generally decreased over time, from about 99 percent in July 2023 to about 76 percent in September 2025 (see fig. 18).⁸

⁸According to SAMHSA officials, decreased staffing availability contributed to the decreased chat answer rates from July through September 2025. Specifically, the crisis contact center with the biggest portion of staff providing Spanish language chat and text support voluntarily ended service on July 17, 2025. Additionally, another crisis contact center providing Spanish language chat and text support decreased operating hours due to budget decreases, leading to the center only being active overnight. Officials said Spanish language chat and text answer rates were sensitive to changes in staffing availability since staffing was intended to match its relatively low volume.

Figure 18: Answer Rates by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Spanish Language Service, July 2022 through September 2025



Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Accessible Data for Figure 18: Answer Rates by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Spanish Language Service, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
July 2022	0.63	1	0.99
Aug 2022	0.65	1	0.99
Sep 2022	0.69	1	0.99
Oct 2022	0.66	1	0.99
Nov 2022	0.75	1	0.99
Dec 2022	0.82	1	0.99
January 2023	0.81	1	0.99
Feb 2023	0.83	1	0.99
Mar 2023	0.83	1	0.99
Apr 2023	0.84	1	0.99
May 2023	0.83	1	0.99
Jun 2023	0.85	1	0.99
July 2023	0.88	1	0.99
Aug 2023	0.86	1	1
Sep 2023	0.86	0.99	0.99
Oct 2023	0.85	1	0.97
Nov 2023	0.83	1	0.96
Dec 2023	0.84	1	0.96
January 2024	0.86	1	0.94
Feb 2024	0.87	1	0.94
Mar 2024	0.87	1	0.96
Apr 2024	0.87	1	0.94
May 2024	0.85	1	0.95
Jun 2024	0.86	1	0.95
July 2024	0.86	1	0.96
Aug 2024	0.87	1	0.98
Sep 2024	0.84	1	0.94
Oct 2024	0.86	1	0.89
Nov 2024	0.87	0.99	0.94
Dec 2024	0.87	1	0.93
January 2025	0.84	1	0.95
Feb 2025	0.88	1	0.94
Mar 2025	0.87	1	0.94
Apr 2025	0.87	1	0.95
May 2025	0.87	0.99	0.95
Jun 2025	0.87	0.99	0.95
July 2025	0.86	0.97	0.84
Aug 2025	0.83	0.97	0.73

Appendix III: Additional Information on Capacity Measures by 988 Lifeline Service Type

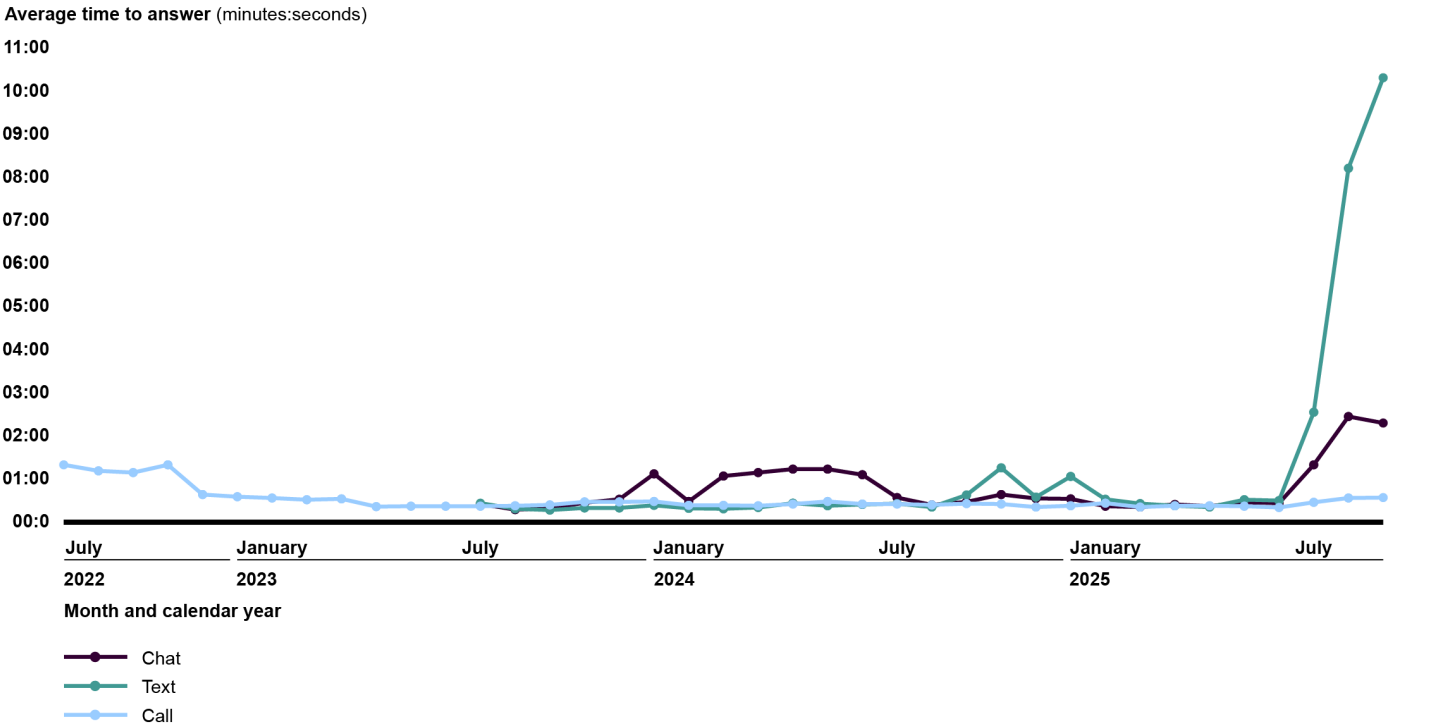
Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
Sep 2025	0.84	0.98	0.76

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Notes: Answer rate reflects the percentage of calls, texts, and chats routed to crisis contact centers that were answered by crisis counselors. Contacts that were not answered after being routed to the Spanish language service were abandoned. Network administrator representatives said contacts that were routed to the Spanish language service could not be rerouted to the national backup service since the national backup service did not offer support in Spanish. The Spanish language service began supporting texts and chats in July 2023.

Average time to answer. From July 2022 to September 2025, the average time to answer calls, texts, and chats for the 988 Lifeline’s Spanish language service varied. During this period, the average time to answer texts and chats fluctuated more than it did for calls. Specifically, average time to answer calls ranged from 28 seconds to 1 minute 27 seconds, average time to answer for texts ranged from 22 seconds to 10 minutes 25 seconds, and average time to answer for chats ranged from 23 seconds to 2 minutes 39 seconds (see fig. 19).⁹

Figure 19: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Spanish Language Service, July 2022 through September 2025



Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

⁹Decreased staffing availability contributed to the increased average time to answer texts and chats from July through September 2025. Specifically, the crisis contact center with the biggest portion of staff supporting the 988 Lifeline’s Spanish chat and text service voluntarily ended service on July 17, 2025. Additionally, another crisis contact center providing Spanish language chat and text support decreased operating hours due to budget decreases, leading to the center only being active overnight.

Accessible Data for Figure 19: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline Spanish Language Service, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
July 2022	127	0	0
Aug 2022	113	0	0
Sep 2022	109	0	0
Oct 2022	127	0	0
Nov 2022	58	0	0
Dec 2022	53	0	0
January 2023	50	0	0
Feb 2023	46	0	0
Mar 2023	48	0	0
Apr 2023	30	0	0
May 2023	31	0	0
Jun 2023	31	0	0
July 2023	31	38	36
Aug 2023	32	25	23
Sep 2023	34	22	26
Oct 2023	41	27	39
Nov 2023	41	27	47
Dec 2023	42	33	106
January 2024	33	26	42
Feb 2024	33	25	101
Mar 2024	32	28	109
Apr 2024	36	38	117
May 2024	42	32	117
Jun 2024	36	35	104
July 2024	36	37	51
Aug 2024	34	29	34
Sep 2024	37	57	41
Oct 2024	36	120	58
Nov 2024	29	52	49
Dec 2024	32	100	48
January 2025	38	47	31
Feb 2025	29	37	29
Mar 2025	32	32	35
Apr 2025	32	29	31
May 2025	31	46	40
Jun 2025	28	44	38
July 2025	40	249	127
Aug 2025	50	815	239

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
Sep 2025	51	1025	224

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Notes: Average time to answer reflects the average length of time it took for calls, texts, or chats to be answered after they were routed to crisis contact centers. The Spanish language service began supporting texts and chats in July 2023.

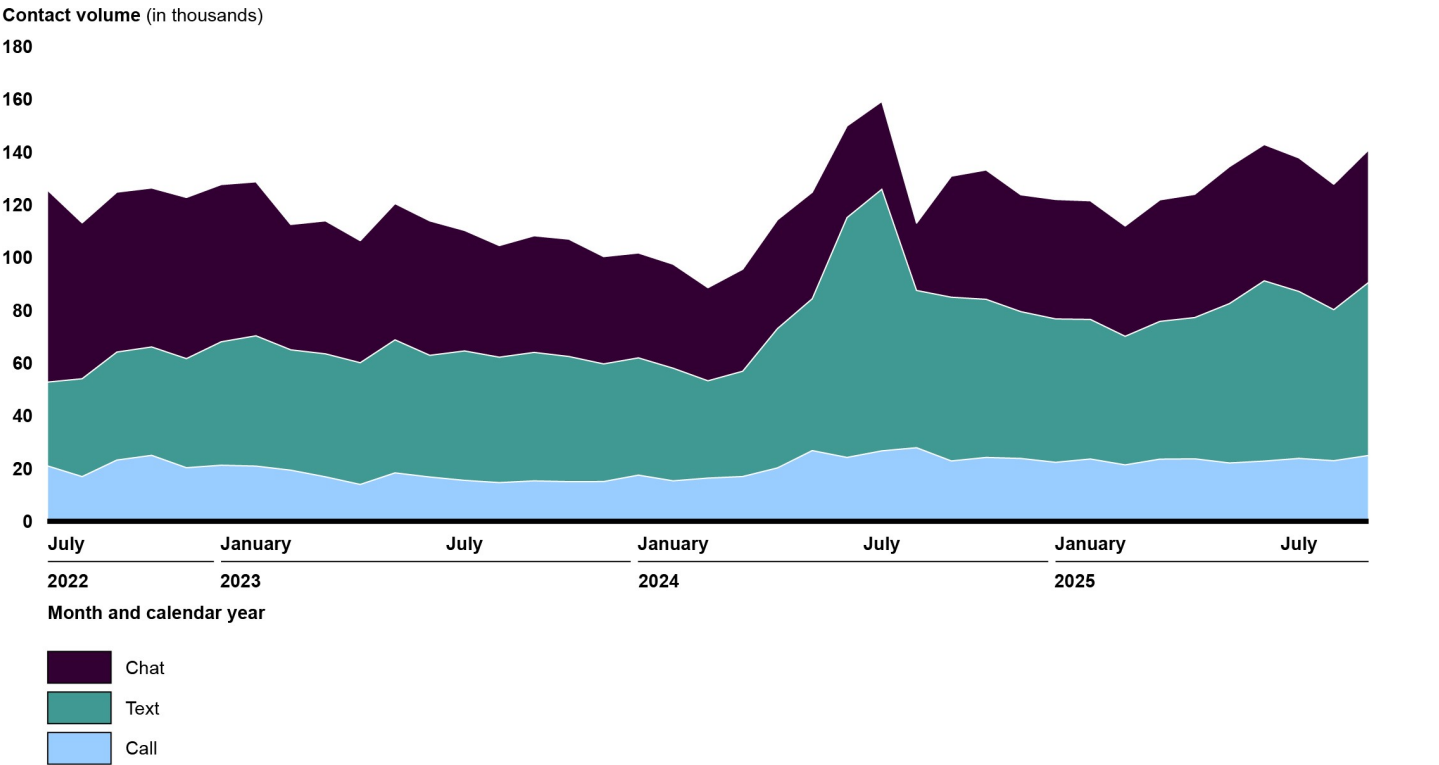
National Backup Service

National backup crisis contact centers answered calls, texts, and chats that were not answered within a certain amount of time at local crisis contact centers and calls that were not answered at LGBTQ+ youth and young adult crisis contact centers.¹⁰

Contact volume. From July 2022 to September 2025, contact volume for national backup calls and texts generally increased while contact volume for chats generally decreased. Specifically, call volume increased by about 19 percent (from 21,030 to 24,965), text volume increased by about 107 percent (from 31,739 to 65,574), and chat volume decreased by about 31 percent (from 72,866 to 50,274; see fig. 20). In September 2025, contacts answered at national backup crisis contact centers accounted for about 17 percent of all contacts to the 988 Lifeline.

¹⁰The LGBTQ+ youth and young adult service began in September 2022 and was discontinued on July 17, 2025. According to SAMHSA, the LGBTQ+ youth and young adult service line was discontinued because the federal funding provided for the service was fully expended. In reports referenced by the Explanatory Statement accompanying the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2026, funding was restored and SAMHSA was directed to use the funding to provide specialized services for LGBTQ+ youth. As of March 2026, SAMHSA officials said they were actively working through the requirements of the appropriation. See Explanatory Statement accompanying Pub. L. No. 119-75, 140 Stat. 173 (2026), referencing S. Rpt. 119-55 at 175 (July 31, 2025) and S. Rpt. 118-84 at 140 (July 27, 2023).

Figure 20: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline National Backup Service, July 2022 through September 2025



Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Accessible Data for Figure 20: Contact Volume by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline National Backup Service, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
July 2022	21030	31739	72866
Aug 2022	16958	37092	59103
Sep 2022	23226	40941	60634
Oct 2022	25010	41092	60267
Nov 2022	20324	41355	61102
Dec 2022	21269	46786	59621
January 2023	20934	49394	58372
Feb 2023	19392	45622	47531
Mar 2023	16866	46619	50422
Apr 2023	13978	46147	46284
May 2023	18365	50421	51688
Jun 2023	16799	46131	50967
July 2023	15525	49061	45703
Aug 2023	14676	47541	42328
Sep 2023	15338	48695	44223
Oct 2023	15037	47447	44491
Nov 2023	15081	44592	40696
Dec 2023	17512	44453	39772
January 2024	15346	42691	39438
Feb 2024	16399	36868	35315
Mar 2024	16985	39914	38693
Apr 2024	20252	52811	41255
May 2024	26817	57552	40407
Jun 2024	24222	90921	34742
July 2024	26711	99143	33327
Aug 2024	27906	59614	25527
Sep 2024	22889	62060	45904
Oct 2024	24221	59939	49044
Nov 2024	23834	55648	44312
Dec 2024	22370	54354	45292
January 2025	23628	52910	44981
Feb 2025	21396	48739	41838
Mar 2025	23576	52219	46085
Apr 2025	23702	53538	46725
May 2025	22126	60411	51937
Jun 2025	22835	68339	51674
July 2025	23858	63272	50636
Aug 2025	22979	57249	47559

Appendix III: Additional Information on Capacity Measures by 988 Lifeline Service Type

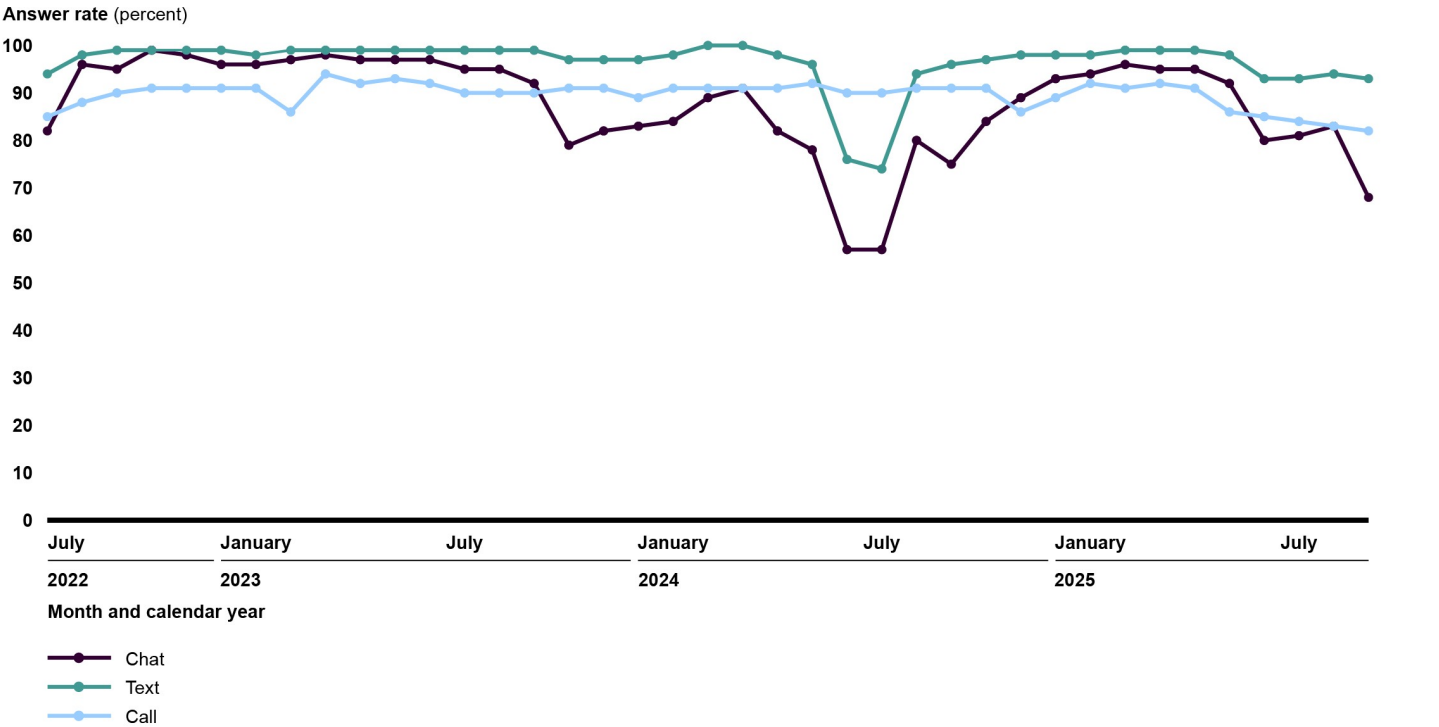
Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
Sep 2025	24965	65574	50274

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Note: Contact volume reflects the number of calls, texts, and chats that were routed to crisis contact centers after individuals selected a service.

Answer rates. From July 2022 to September 2025, answer rates for the 988 Lifeline’s national backup service varied across calls, texts, and chats. During this period, answer rates for calls ranged from about 82 percent to about 94 percent, answer rates for texts ranged from about 74 percent to about 100 percent, and answer rates for chats ranged from about 57 percent to about 99 percent (see fig. 21).¹¹

Figure 21: Answer Rates by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline National Backup Service, July 2022 through September 2025



Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

¹¹According to SAMHSA officials, a substantial increase in text and chat volume during June and July 2024 contributed to the decrease in answer rates during those months.

Accessible Data for Figure 21: Answer Rates by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline National Backup Service, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
July 2022	0.85	0.94	0.82
Aug 2022	0.88	0.98	0.96
Sep 2022	0.9	0.99	0.95
Oct 2022	0.91	0.99	0.99
Nov 2022	0.91	0.99	0.98
Dec 2022	0.91	0.99	0.96
January 2023	0.91	0.98	0.96
Feb 2023	0.86	0.99	0.97
Mar 2023	0.94	0.99	0.98
Apr 2023	0.92	0.99	0.97
May 2023	0.93	0.99	0.97
Jun 2023	0.92	0.99	0.97
July 2023	0.9	0.99	0.95
Aug 2023	0.9	0.99	0.95
Sep 2023	0.9	0.99	0.92
Oct 2023	0.91	0.97	0.79
Nov 2023	0.91	0.97	0.82
Dec 2023	0.89	0.97	0.83
January 2024	0.91	0.98	0.84
Feb 2024	0.91	1	0.89
Mar 2024	0.91	1	0.91
Apr 2024	0.91	0.98	0.82
May 2024	0.92	0.96	0.78
Jun 2024	0.9	0.76	0.57
July 2024	0.9	0.74	0.57
Aug 2024	0.91	0.94	0.8
Sep 2024	0.91	0.96	0.75
Oct 2024	0.91	0.97	0.84
Nov 2024	0.86	0.98	0.89
Dec 2024	0.89	0.98	0.93
January 2025	0.92	0.98	0.94
Feb 2025	0.91	0.99	0.96
Mar 2025	0.92	0.99	0.95
Apr 2025	0.91	0.99	0.95
May 2025	0.86	0.98	0.92
Jun 2025	0.85	0.93	0.8
July 2025	0.84	0.93	0.81
Aug 2025	0.83	0.94	0.83

Appendix III: Additional Information on Capacity Measures by 988 Lifeline Service Type

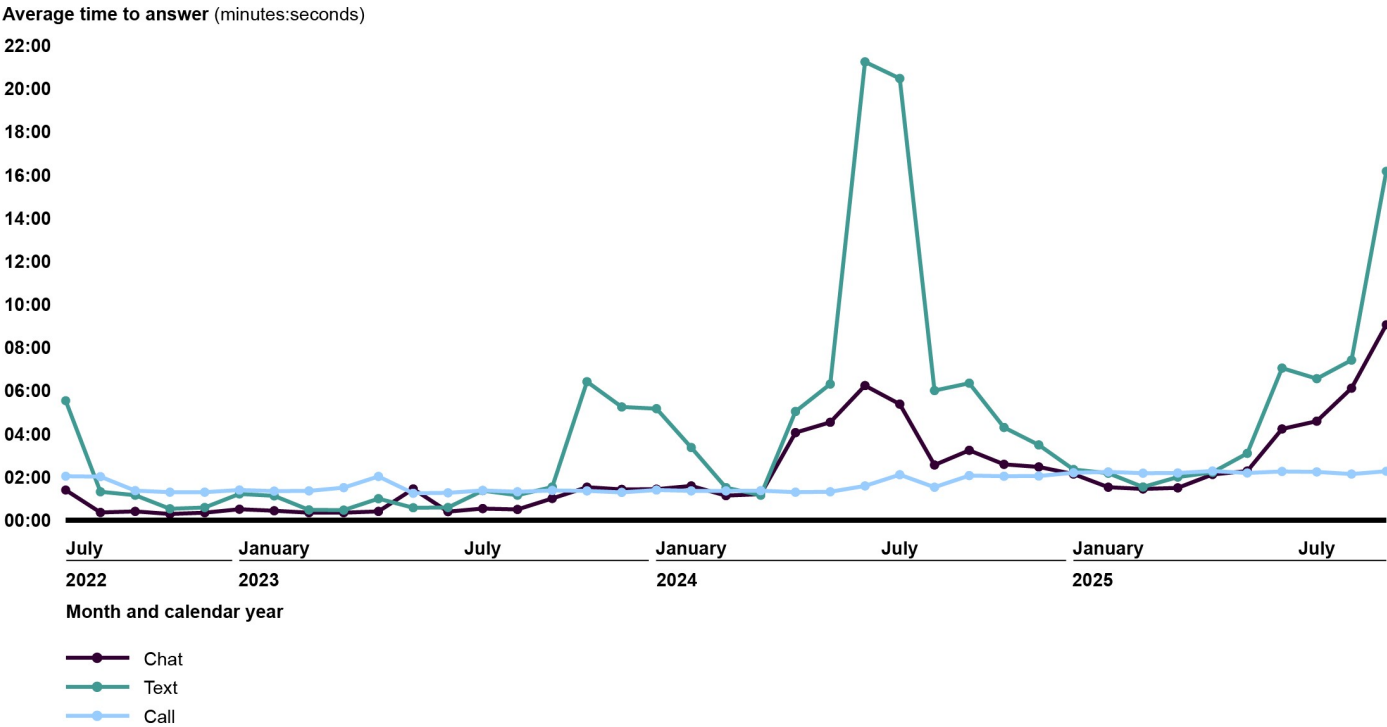
Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
Sep 2025	0.82	0.93	0.68

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Note: Answer rate reflects the percentage of calls, texts, and chats routed to crisis contact centers that were answered by crisis counselors.

Average time to answer. From July 2022 to September 2025, the average time to answer calls, texts, and chats routed to the 988 Lifeline’s national backup service varied.¹² In general, the average time to answer fluctuated more for texts and chats compared to calls. Average time to answer calls ranged from 1 minute 25 seconds to 2 minutes 28 seconds, average time to answer for texts ranged from 47 seconds to 21 minutes 24 seconds, and average time to answer for chats ranged from 29 seconds to 9 minutes 6 seconds (see fig. 22).¹³

Figure 22: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline National Backup Service, July 2022 through September 2025



Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

¹²Average time to answer reflects the average length of time it took for calls, texts, or chats to be answered after they were initially routed to crisis contact centers. The average time to answer includes any time spent waiting prior to being rerouted to the backup crisis contact centers.

¹³According to SAMHSA officials, a substantial increase in text and chat volume during June and July 2024 contributed to the increase in average time to answer during those months.

Accessible Data for Figure 22: Average Time to Answer by Contact Method for the 988 Lifeline National Backup Service, July 2022 through September 2025

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
July 2022	204	554	140
Aug 2022	202	132	36
Sep 2022	137	116	41
Oct 2022	130	53	29
Nov 2022	130	59	35
Dec 2022	140	122	51
January 2023	135	113	44
Feb 2023	136	48	35
Mar 2023	151	47	35
Apr 2023	203	100	41
May 2023	125	58	145
Jun 2023	127	59	40
July 2023	138	137	54
Aug 2023	132	116	50
Sep 2023	138	154	101
Oct 2023	136	642	153
Nov 2023	129	525	143
Dec 2023	140	517	144
January 2024	136	337	159
Feb 2024	136	151	114
Mar 2024	137	116	121
Apr 2024	130	504	406
May 2024	132	631	454
Jun 2024	159	2124	624
July 2024	211	2047	538
Aug 2024	153	601	256
Sep 2024	207	635	324
Oct 2024	204	430	259
Nov 2024	205	349	247
Dec 2024	220	235	214
January 2025	224	218	153
Feb 2025	218	154	145
Mar 2025	219	200	150
Apr 2025	228	222	212
May 2025	219	310	228
Jun 2025	226	705	423
July 2025	224	656	459
Aug 2025	214	742	612

Appendix III: Additional Information on Capacity Measures by 988 Lifeline Service Type

Month and calendar year	Call	Text	Chat
Sep 2025	227	1617	906

Source: GAO analysis of 988 Lifeline performance data reported by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). | GAO-26-108114

Note: Average time to answer reflects the average length of time it took for calls, texts, or chats to be answered after they were initially routed to crisis contact centers. The average time to answer shown includes any time spent waiting prior to being rerouted to backup crisis contact centers.

Appendix IV: GAO Contact and Staff Acknowledgments

GAO Contact

Alyssa M. Hundrup, HundrupA@gao.gov

Staff Acknowledgments

In addition to the contacts named above, Rebecca Abela (Assistant Director), Brandon Nakawaki (Analyst-in-Charge), Jennie Apter, Barbara Hansen, and Foster Ritchie made key contributions to this report. Also contributing were Cynthia Khan, Robert Letzler, Jeanne Murphy-Stone, Monica Perez-Nelson, and Roxanna Sun.

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