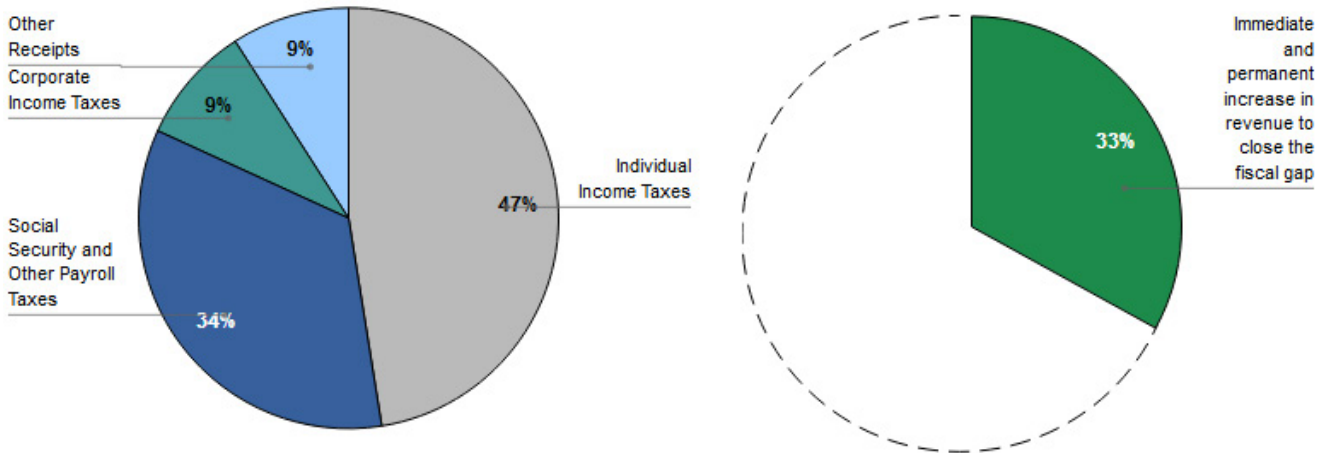


Increase in Revenue Needed to Close the Fiscal Gap without Decreasing Spending, with Federal Revenues for Comparison



Source: GAO and GAO analysis of Congressional Budget Office data.

Note: The colored pie on the left represents revenue in 2016 (the most recent year of data available). The green slice in the pie on the right side is the fiscal gap, as calculated from GAO's 2017 Alternative simulation. Figure does not sum to 100 due to rounding. These projections do not reflect the effects of legislation enacted after September 30, 2017.

Increase in Revenue Needed to Close the Fiscal Gap without Decreasing Spending, with Federal Revenues for Comparison	
Category	Spending
Individual Income Taxes	47%
Social Security and Other Payroll Taxes	34%
Corporate Income Taxes	9%
Other Receipts	9%
Immediate and permanent increase in revenue to close the fiscal gap	33%