SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Planning for Program Changes and Future Workforce Needs Is Incomplete

Why GAO Did This Study

The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) is the lead federal agency responsible for improving the quality and availability of prevention and treatment services for substance abuse and mental illness. The upcoming reauthorization review of SAMHSA will enable the Congress to examine the agency’s management of its grant programs and plans for converting its block grants to performance partnership grants, which will hold states more accountable for results. GAO was asked to provide the Congress with information about SAMHSA’s (1) strategic planning efforts, (2) efforts to manage its workforce, and (3) partnerships with state and community-based grantees.

What GAO Found

SAMHSA has not completed key planning efforts to ensure that it can effectively manage its programs. The agency has operated without a strategic plan since October 2002, and although SAMHSA officials are drafting a plan, they do not know when it will be completed. SAMHSA developed long-term goals and a set of priority issues that provide some guidance for the agency’s activities, but they are not a substitute for a strategic plan. In particular, they do not identify the approaches and resources needed to achieve the agency’s long-term goals and the desired results against which the agency’s programs can be measured.

SAMHSA also has not fully developed strategies to ensure it has the appropriate staff to manage the agency’s programs. Although the proportion of SAMHSA’s staff eligible to retire is increasing, the agency has not developed a detailed succession strategy to prepare for the loss of essential expertise and to ensure that the agency continues to have the ability to fill key positions. In addition, the proposed performance partnership grants will change the way SAMHSA administers its largest grant programs, but the agency has not completed hiring and training strategies to ensure that its workforce will have the skills needed to administer the grants. Finally, SAMHSA’s system for evaluating staff performance does not distinguish between acceptable and outstanding performance, and the agency does not assess staff performance in relation to specific competencies—practices that would help reinforce individual accountability for results.

What GAO Recommends

We are recommending that the Administrator of SAMHSA: (1) develop a detailed succession strategy, (2) ensure that the agency’s workforce has the appropriate expertise to implement the performance partnership grants, (3) develop a procedure to allow applicants for discretionary grants to correct administrative errors in applications and resubmit them, and (4) expedite completion of the plan for the Congress providing information on the performance partnership grants. SAMHSA said that each recommendation addresses an area that the agency has identified for further action or improvement.


To view the full product, including the scope and methodology, click on the link above. For more information, contact Leslie Aronovitz at (312) 220-7600 or aronovitzl@gao.gov.

United States General Accounting Office