


FILE:. B-191561
DATE: October 3, 1978
rAATTEFG OF: Meat and Poultry Inspectors - Pay for Friday Hours Worked When Holiday Falls on Saturday

DIEEST: 1. Employees regularly scheduled to work 4 hours on Friday were entitled to holiday premium pay on ?y for time hours they wo: ked ( 4 hours) on the fir days before Christmas of. 1976 and New Year's Day of 1977 which fell on Saturdays.
2. Employee scheduled to work 8 hours on Friday, a holiday, are entitled to holiday premium pay only for rose hours remaining in Lie basic workweek and to overtime pay for those hour.: worked'in excess of the basic workweek on the Fridays before Christmas of 1976 and New Year's Day of 1977.

This action is in response to a request from Mr. Charles A. Buy, Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Administration, Departwent of Agriculture, Sur a decision as to the number of hours of pay certain employees of the Meat and Poultry. Inspection Programs (MPIY) are entitled to fur the holidays of Christmas, December 25, 'i976, and New Year's Day, January 1, 1977. These holidays fell on Saturdays and were observed on the preceding Fridays pursuant to 5 U.S..C. $56103(\mathrm{~b})(1970)$.

The employees involved herein were on a nonstandard tour of duty. They inspected commercial establishments which have differant hours of operations based upon various actors, including locations, market considerations, and availability of labor. Because inspectors were provided li N:IP at unusual hours, a standard tour of duty was then considered impractical for the inspectors. The basic workweek of the inspectors began when they first commenced work during the administrative workweek, even if such work commenced at an hour or on a day not normally worked and if it vas for leys than 8 hours. Such work was compensated at base pay rate, or night, Sunday or holiday rate as appropriate. They were not, however, placed on a "first forty hours" tour of duty under 5 U.S.C. 6 5542(a). Any work performed in excess of 3 hours in a day or 40 hours in a week was treated as overtime under 5 U.S.C. $\$ 5542($ a) (1970). The agency states that the inspectors were placed on a standard tour of duty in 1977 and therefore the problem should not recur.

B-191561

Question 1.
"One group of NPIP inspectors worked forty ho. In a six day basic workweek from Sunday to Fitday. Less than eight lonurs were worked on Sunday and on Fridis. Eight hours were worked on anch Mondey through Thursfay. IIIP poict the inspectors in this group holiday pay for the two hulidays in question for the number of hours they were regularly scheduled to work on Friduy (e.g., 4 hours). Horever, employec representatives have indicated that they believe that each MPIP inspector should be paid for eight hours of holiday pay for each of these holidejs. Question 1 is, therefore, are the inspectors in this situation entitled to eight hours of holiday pay or only the number of hours they were scheduled to work on Fridey?"

The question. in essence is whether tine employecs: involved are entitled to pramium way fur holidaye worked (double time) inder 5 U.S.C. \$ $5546(b)$ for the 4 hours actually worked on each Friday or for 8 hours for each of those days. It arfses becanse the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 5 Glijíi $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$and Executive Order No. 11582, read together, ea: be viewed as estabilshing a general policy that ail Fecieral employees should receive 8 hours of holiday entitlement for each legni federal holiday findepeadent of the aistribution of the hours of the basice workieek acrose tie csiendar days of the week.

Subsection (b) of 5 U.S.C. 66103 piovides that when a heliday falls on a Saturday the preceding Friday will be treated as a holiday for certain employecs. Executive Order No. 1158 . recognizes situations when holidays fall on Sundeys, on Saturday!; on regular weekl.y nonworkdays in licu of Sundays when the basic workweek includes Sundays, and on regular weckly workdays. Howejer, we find nothing in efther of the authorjties which would authorize payment of $z$ hours' pay wheie the employec worked a 4 -hour regularly scheduled workday on a holiday.

Section 5546 of titic 5, United States Code, provides the Following concerning pay for holfday work:
"(b) An empioyce who performs work on a holiday designated by Federal statute, fexecutive order $\%$ * $k$ is entitled to pay at the rate of ifs
 the rate of his basic pay, for that holiday work which is uot--
"(1) in excess cf 8 houre; or
"(2) overtime work as defined by section 5542(a) of this title."

This statute has been intarpreted to permit payment of prenium pay only for those hours of work perfomed on holidays during an employee's regular tour cf duty, i.e., the hours of hit regular ahift of dity. Since the MPIP eniployecs were regularly veheduled te work 4 hours on the Friday holidays and, in fact, worked 4 hours each day, they are entitled ond.y to 4 hours of holiday premium pay for each Friday.

## Question 2.

"Another group of MPIP inspecters worked less than elght hours on Sunday and eight hours per day Monday through Friday. Because MPIP at the time considered the basic workweek to begin when the inspectors first commenced work during the admir:istrative warkweek (Sundiy in thid case), thase inspectors were considered on overitme on Friday after ti:ey had worked forty hours. MPip feid holiday pay to this group of inspectors for thase hours worked c. Friday which were nut overtime. * $*$ * eniployer representatives have indicated that they believe that each inspentor should receive eight heirs of holiday pay for each of these holidays. Quesi:ion 2 is, therefore, ars the inspectors ontitled to eight hours of holiday pay for the eight hours worked on Friday or for holiday pay for only those hours that wexe not suertine?"

Section $5 \mathbf{5} 46(b)$ of title 5, United States Code, quoted above, also controls the enswer to the second question. Subsection (b)(2) contains a pravision which limits the amount of compensation payable. In 37 Coinp. Ger. 1 (1957), dealing with a similar question arising under 5 U.S.C. § 992 , the prederessor of 5 U.S.C. \$ 5546 (b), we stated the following concerning the legislative history of that provision (id. at 3):
> "The conference report * * makes fit clear that the promiun rate for holiday work was intended to apply to work on a holiday within the 40 -hour basic workweek of an employee (Linus.: Report No. 2665, 83d Congress, at page 22); and sect n 302 (c), 5 U. S. C. 922 (c), provides specifically that compensation for overtime work on a holiday is to be paid under secilon 201, as amerided, 5 U. S. C. '311. [5 U.S.C. $3542(a)]$ * : *."

Therefore, nouns worked on a holiday outside of the employee's basic worlwark are to he paid at overtime rates (time and a half). Holiday premium pay (double time) is only due when the work on a holiday is performed during the ciployec's regular work schedule. 38 Com?. Gen.. 560 (1959) and 50 Comp. Gen. 519, 53.4 (1971).

The answer to question 2, accordingly, is that the inspectors ace entitled to premium pay for holiday work under 5 U.S.C. $\oint$ : $546(\mathrm{~b})$ for the two Friday holidays only for those hours worked that were not overtime.


Deputy Comptroller General of the United States

